



Klebsiella pneumoniae: Biodiversity, epidemiology, and links with pathogenesis

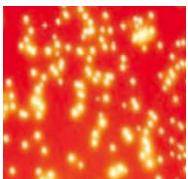
Sylvain Brisse

Biodiversity and Epidemiology of Bacterial Pathogens
Institut Pasteur, Paris, France

Biodiversity and Epidemiology of Bacterial Pathogens



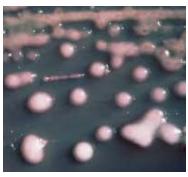
Institut Pasteur



Bordetella pertussis (French National Ref. Center)



Corynebacterium diphtheriae (French Natl. Ref. Center)



Klebsiella pneumoniae

New Superbug Discovered in the USA

The Atlantic

SUBSCRIBE SEARCH MENU≡

A Woman Was Killed by a Superbug Resistant to All 26 American Antibiotics

She won't be the last.

SARAH ZHANG

JAN 13, 2017

HEALTH

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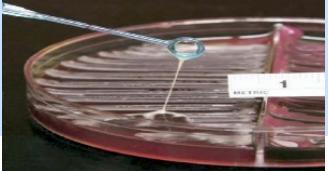
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TEXT SIZE

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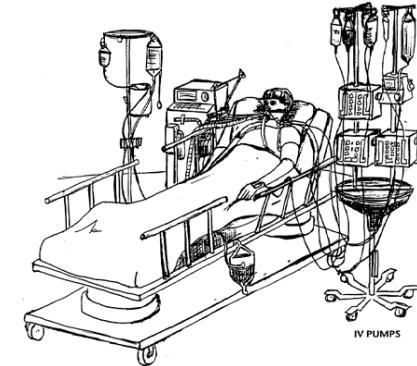
A Nevada woman died in September after being infected with type of drug-resistant bacteria called Klebsiella pneumoniae that was resistant to all antibiotics available in the U.S., the [CDC reported on Friday](#).



Klebsiella pneumoniae

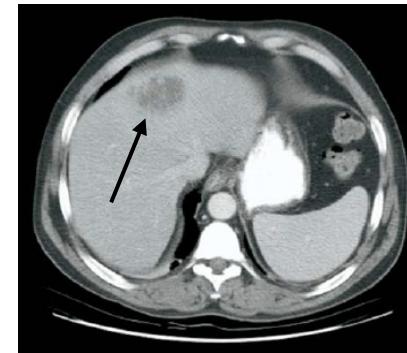
Nosocomial pathogen

- 5 - 8% nosocomial infections Europe / USA
- Urinary, respiratory, bacteremia; outbreaks
- Multidrug resistant (MDR) strains



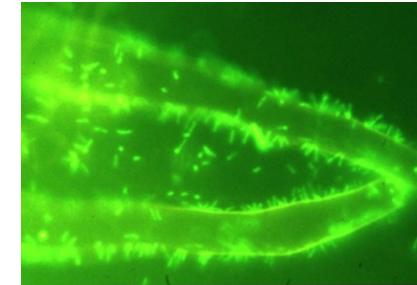
Community pathogen

- Severe pneumonia; pyogenic liver abscess; meningitis
- Hypervirulent *K. pneumoniae* (HVKP)
- Mostly capsular types K1 and K2



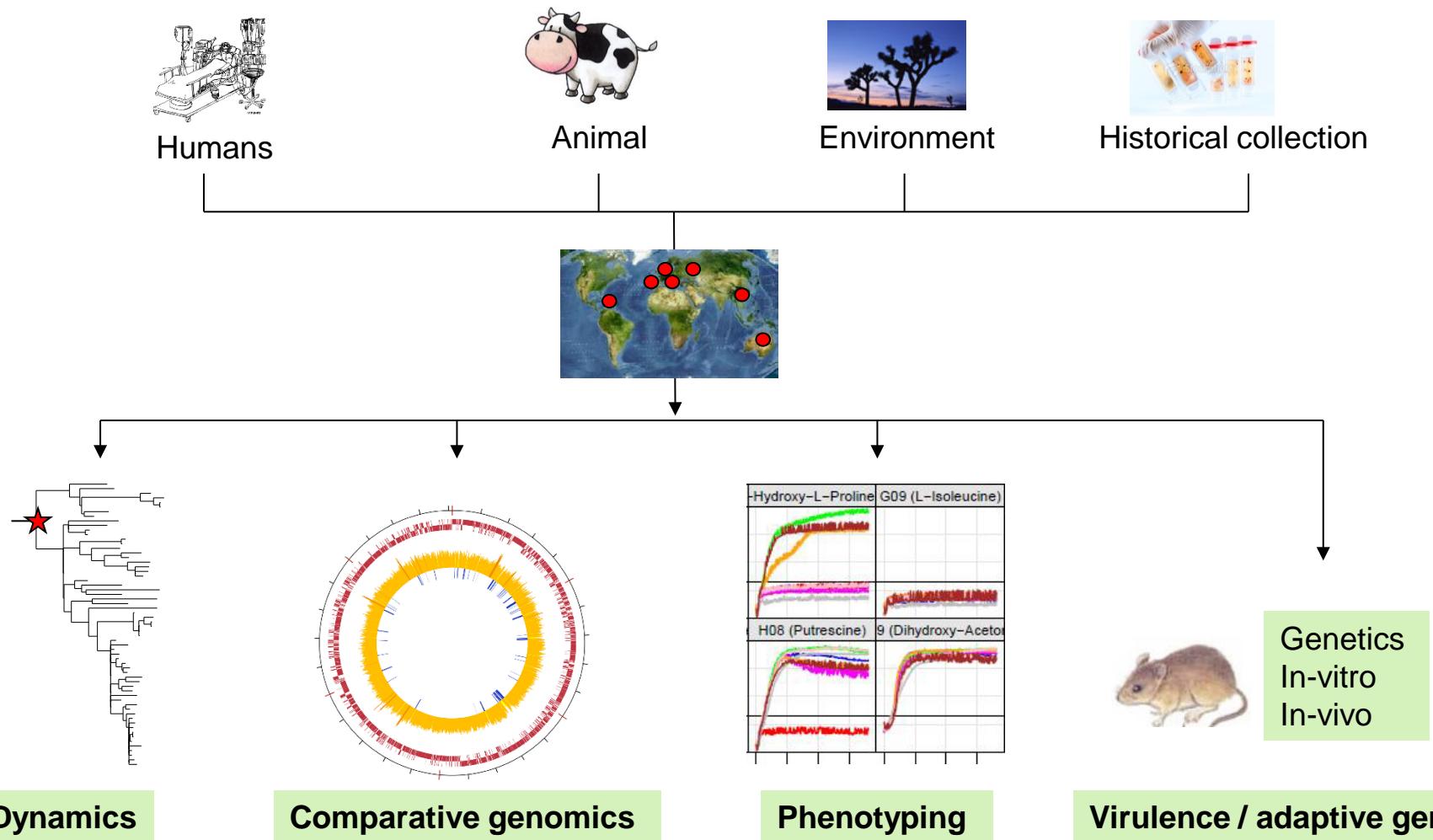
Ubiquitous

- Human and animal carriage, plants, water, soil,...

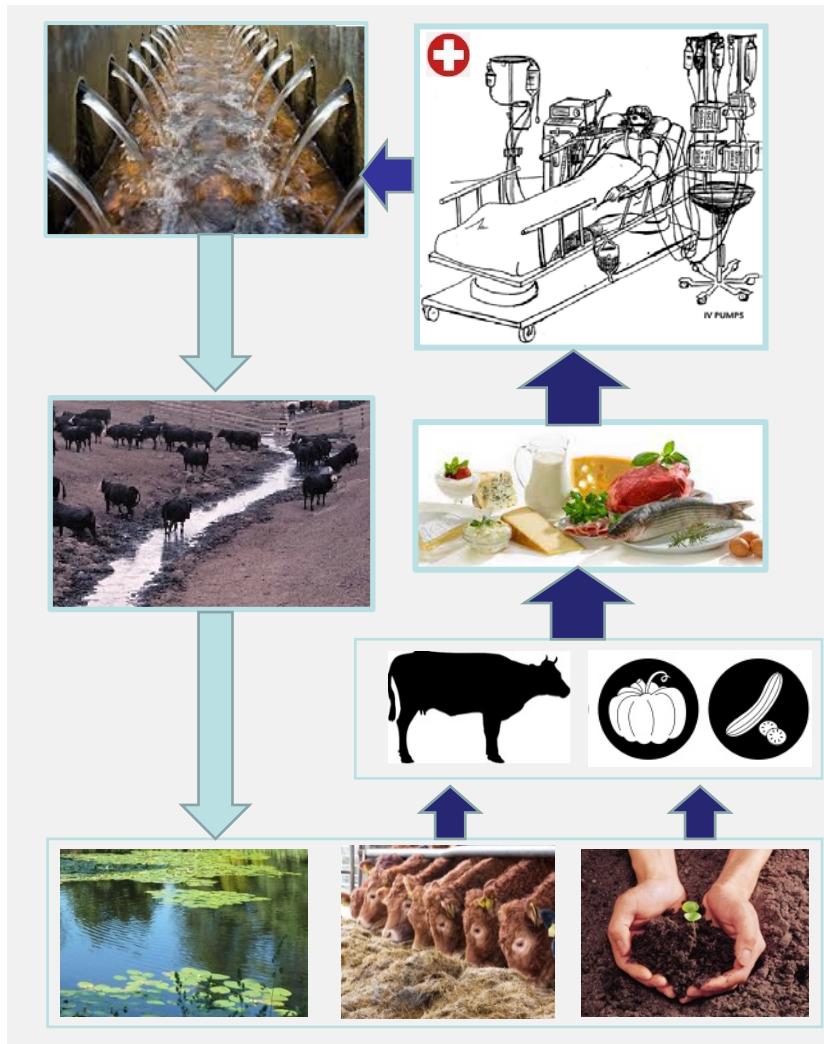


Objective:

Understand *Klebsiella* epidemiological patterns at the genetic and functional levels



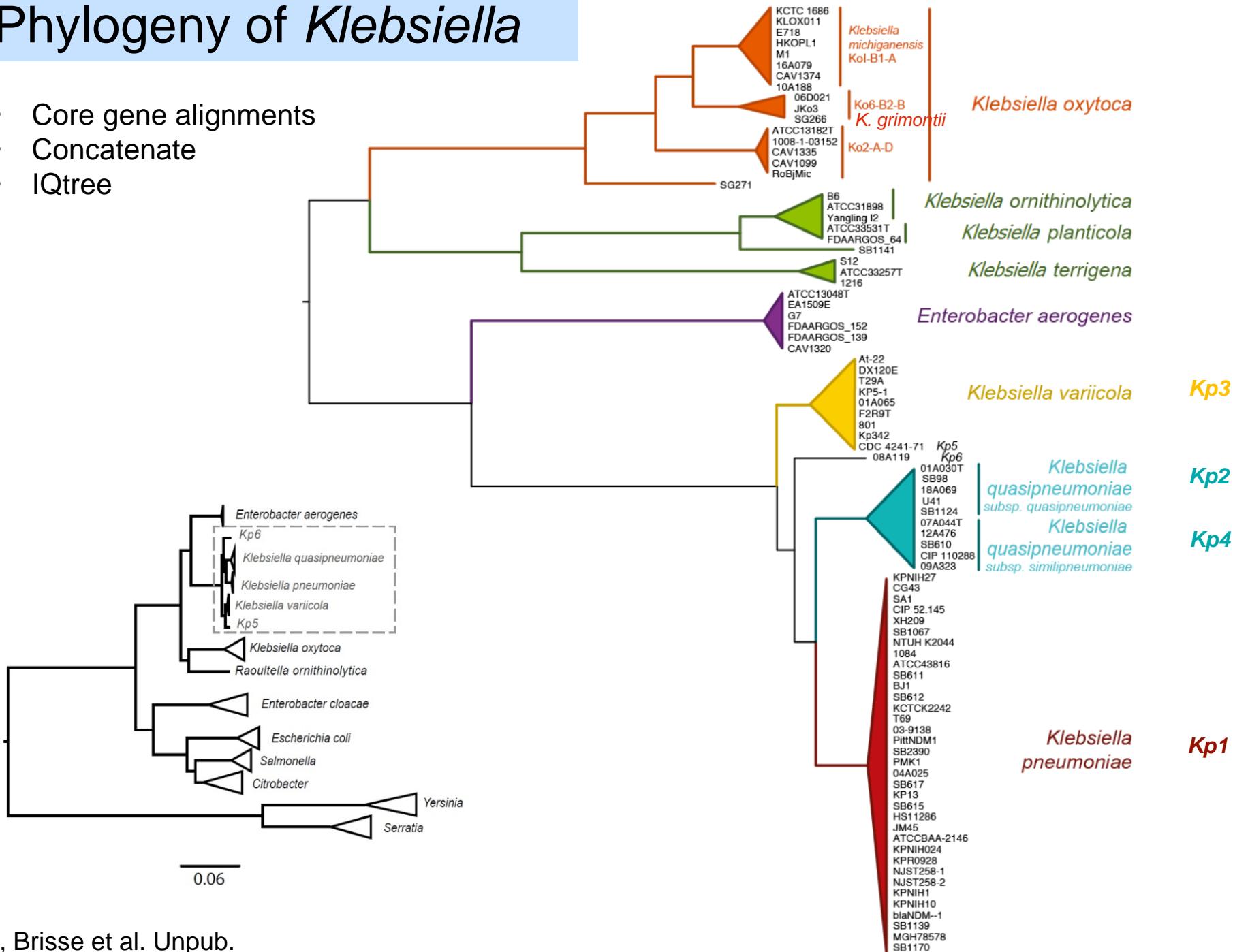
High-risk *K. pneumoniae* strains & genes



- Tools to track Kp strains internationally
- Genomic features of high-risk strains
- What are the reservoirs and transmission routes of high-risk Kp strains?

Phylogeny of *Klebsiella*

- Core gene alignments
- Concatenate
- IQtree



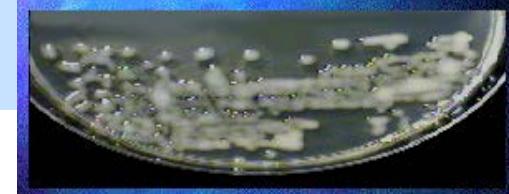
Genus *Klebsiella*: taxonomy

K. pneumoniae

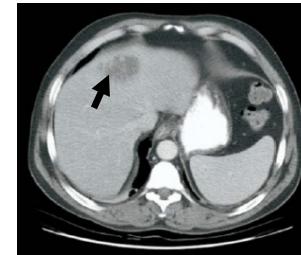
subsp. pneumoniae

subsp. rhinoscleromatis

subsp. ozaenae



- *K. granulomatis* (\leftarrow *Calymmatobacterium granulomatis*)

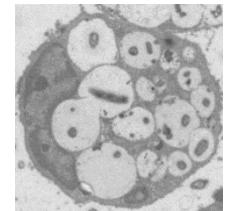


- *K. variicola* ~ *K. singaporense*

- *K. quasipneumoniae*

- *subsp. quasipneumoniae*

- *subsp. similipneumoniae*



- *K. oxytoca*



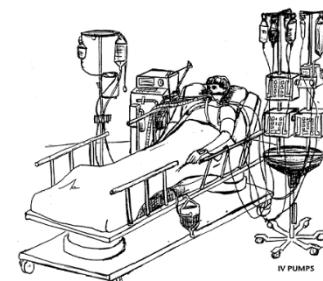
- *K. michiganensis*

- *K. grimontii*

- *K. planticola* (\rightarrow *Raoultella*)

- *K. ornithinolytica* (\rightarrow *Raoultella*)

- *K. terrigena* (\rightarrow *Raoultella*)



Clinical importance of *Klebsiella pneumoniae* and related species

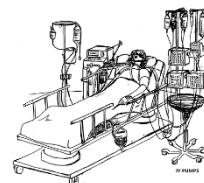
420 nosocomial isolates:

Blood (n = 305)

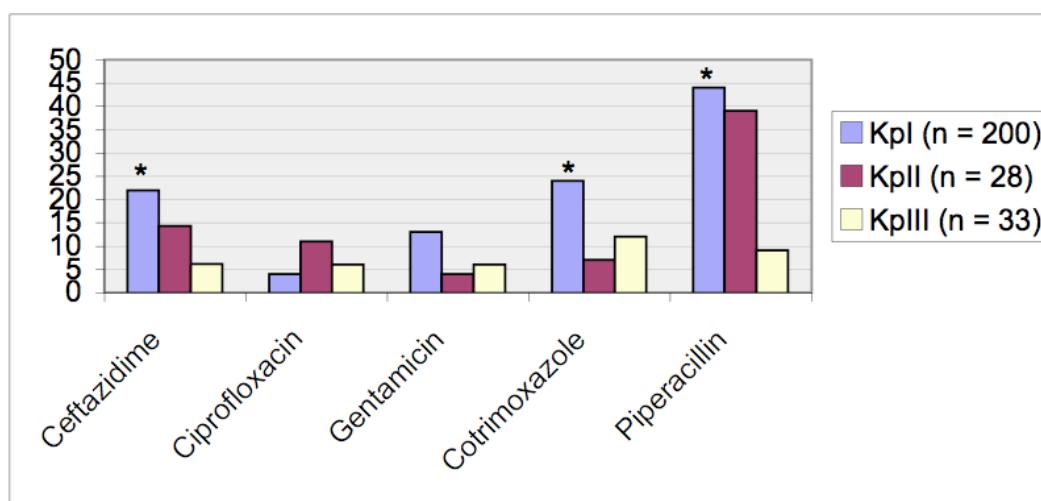
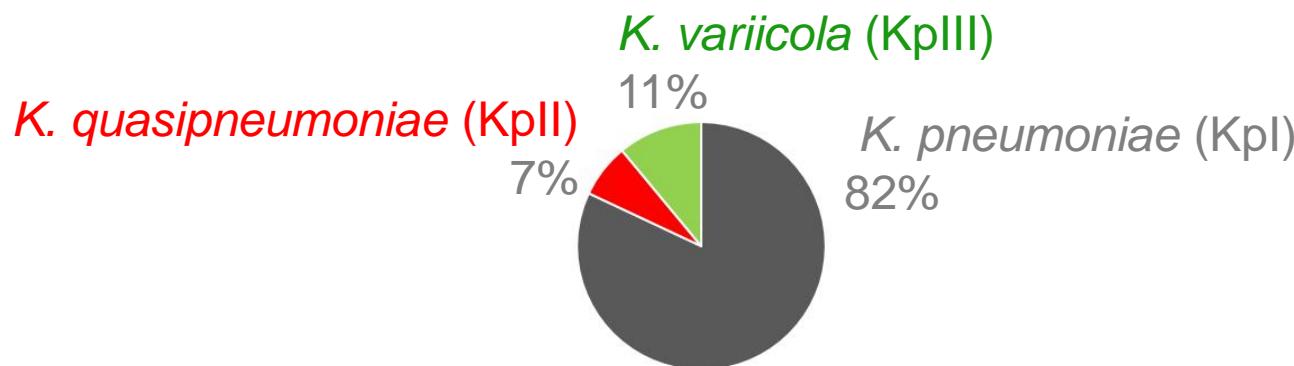
RTI (n = 56)

UTI (n = 35)

Wound (n = 24)



Brisse et al., CMI 2004



Antimicrobial resistance:

Kp1 > Kp3 ~ Kp2/4

Clinical importance of *Klebsiella pneumoniae* and related species

Klebsiella variicola Is a Frequent Cause of Bloodstream Infection in the Stockholm Area, and Associated with Higher Mortality Compared to *K. pneumoniae*

Maatallah et al. 2015 PLoS One

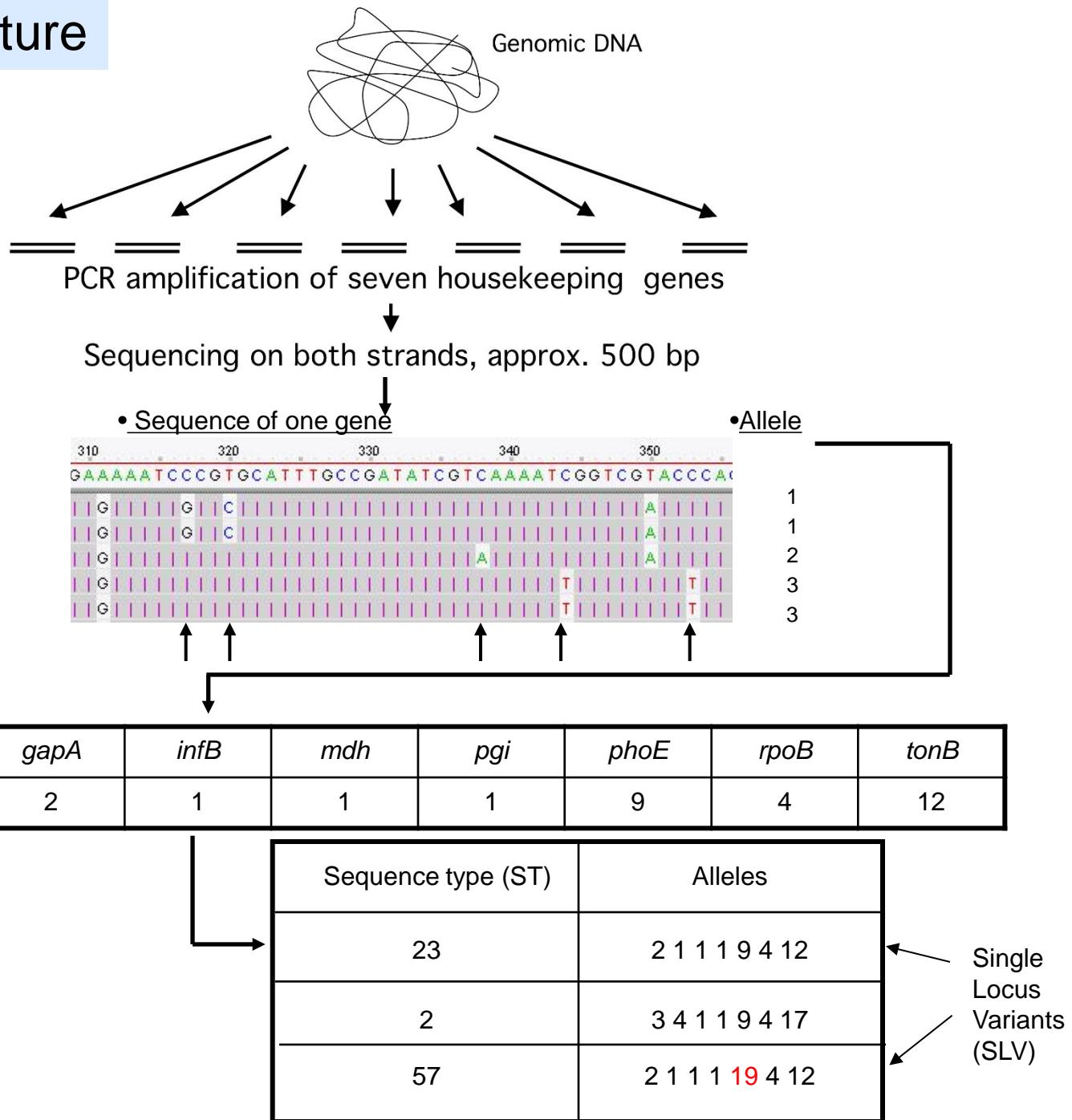
**Liver Abscess Caused by Infection
with Community-Acquired *Klebsiella*
quasipneumoniae subsp. *quasipneumoniae***

Breurec et al. 2016 Emerg Inf Dis

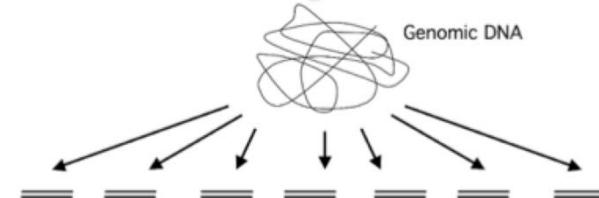
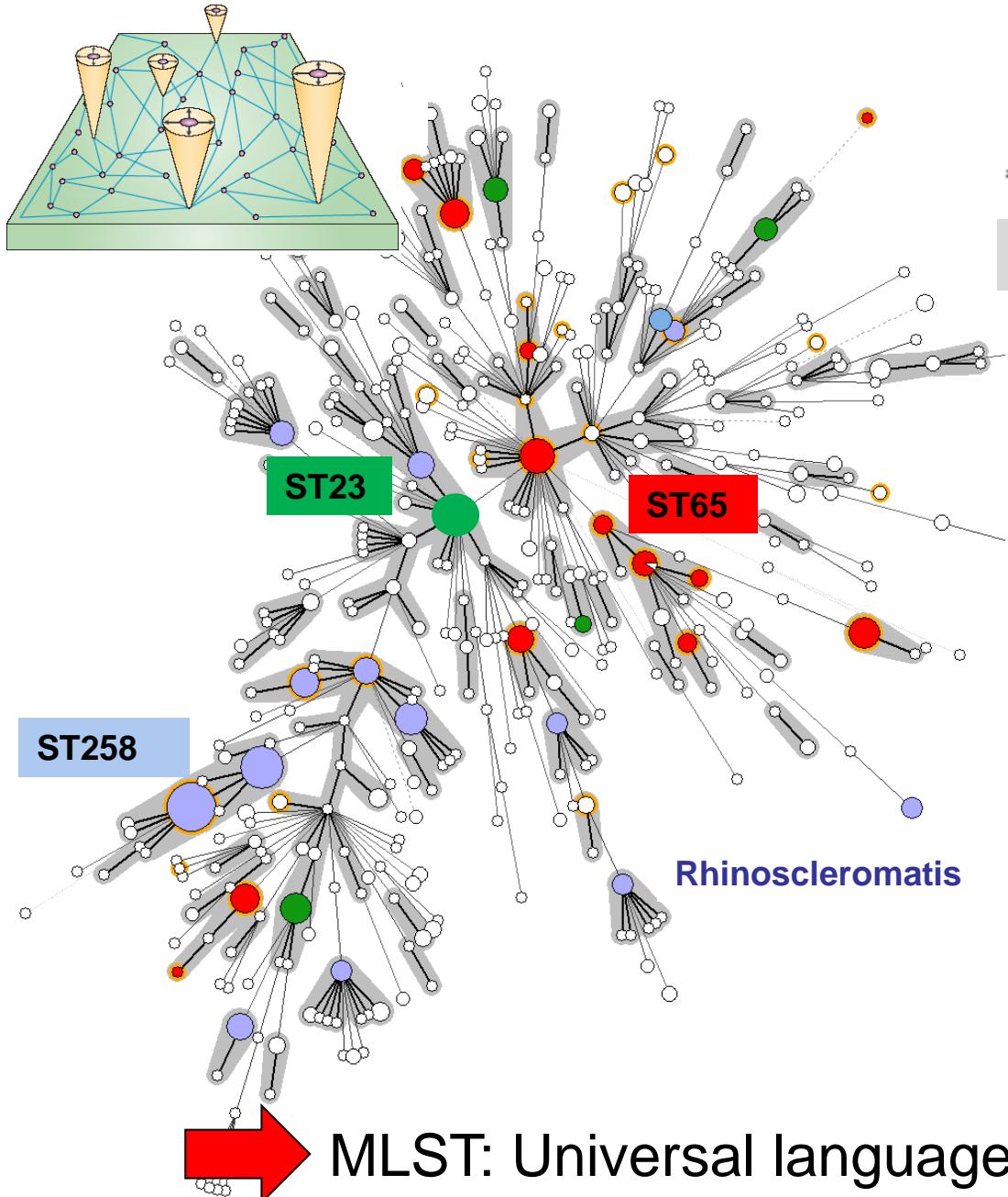
- *K. quasipneumoniae* and *K. variicola* still largely under-recognized in medical microbiology practice

Population structure

MLST: Multilocus Sequence Typing

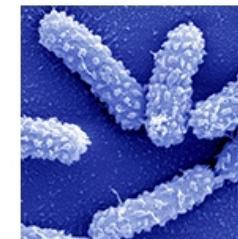


MLST-based *K. pneumoniae* population structure



Diancourt et al. 2005 JCM

Klebsiella Sequence Typing



[Sequences and profiles database](#)



[Isolates database](#)

<http://www.pasteur.fr/mlst>

- > 3000 STs
- > 6000 isolates
- > 400 submitters

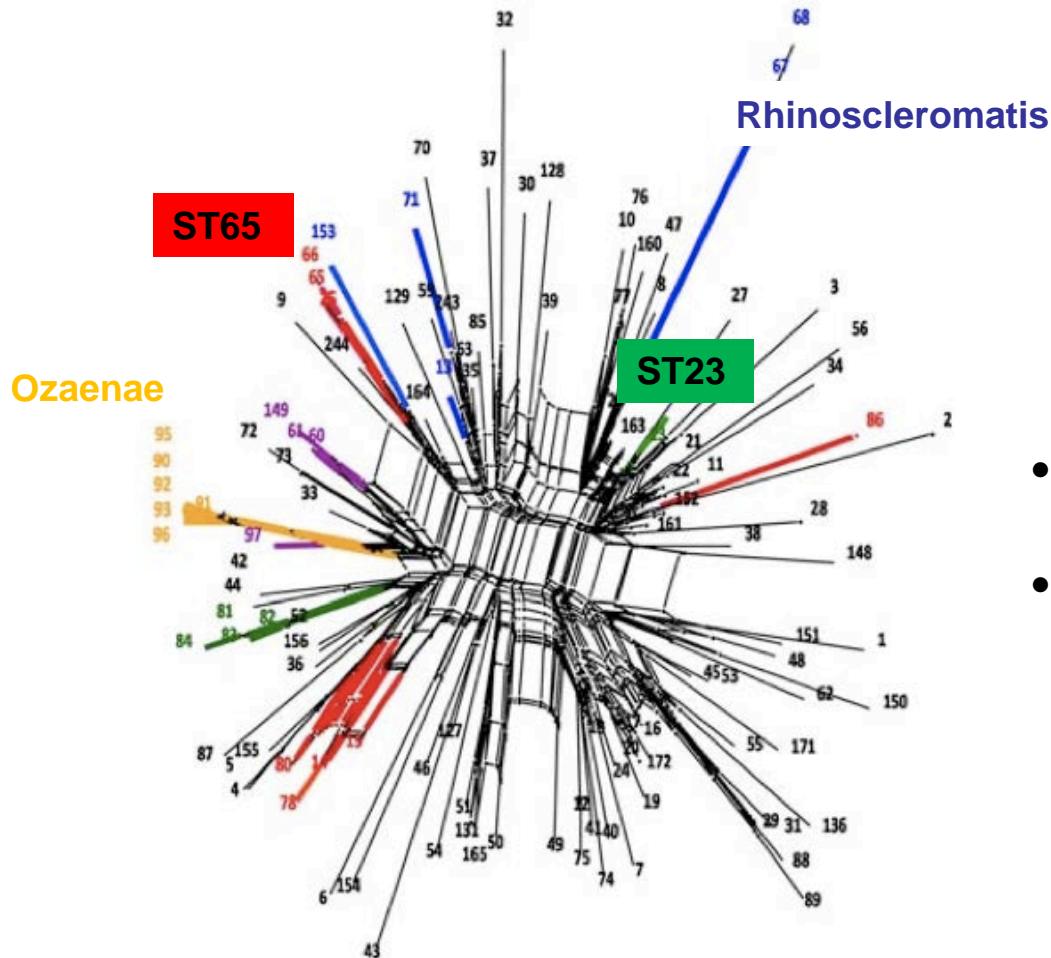
Molecular dissection of the evolution of carbapenem-resistant multilocus sequence type 258 *Klebsiella pneumoniae*

MLST: Universal language

K. pneumoniae population structure

K. pneumoniae (KpI)

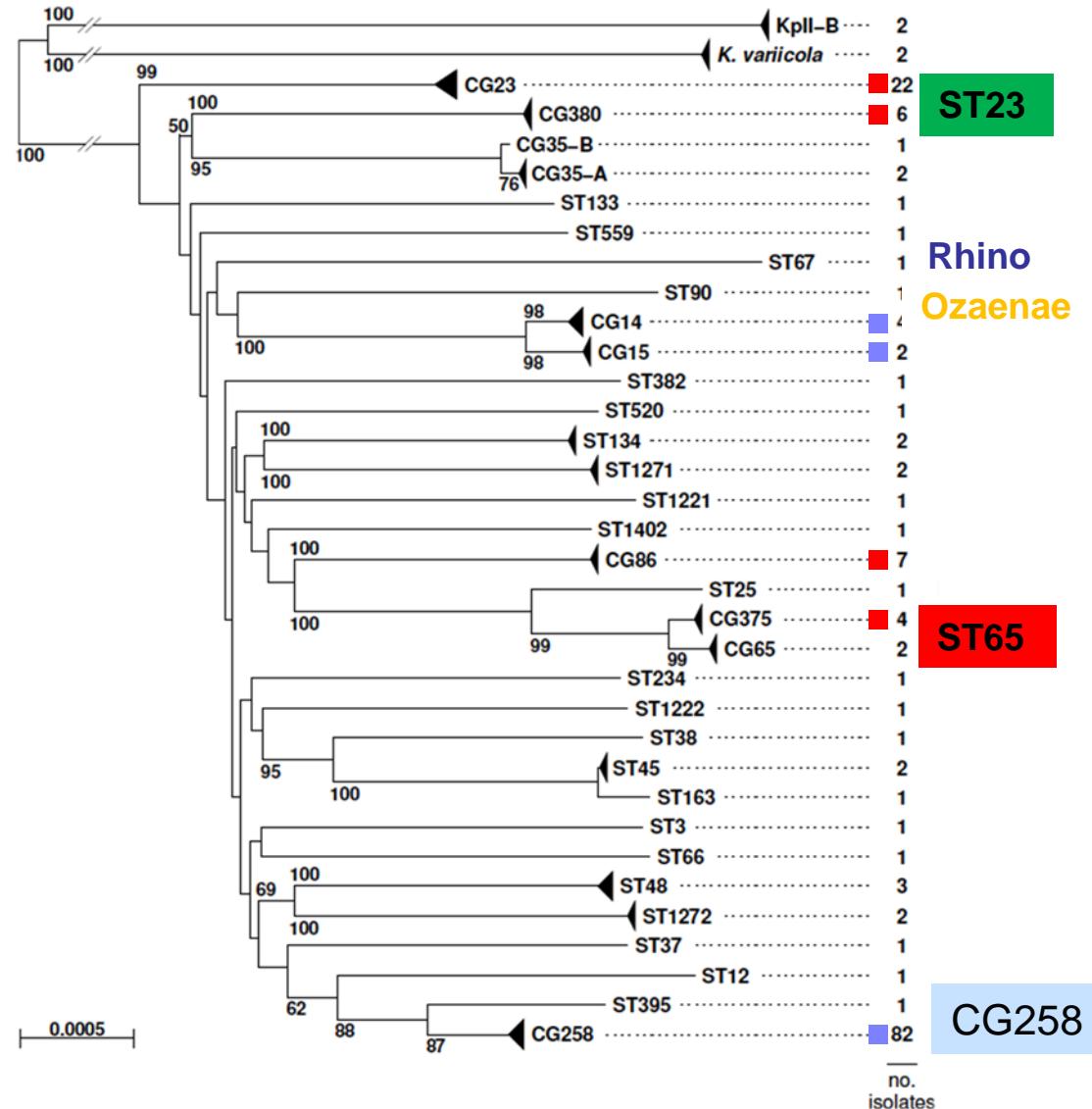
(splits graph, MLST data)



- Lack of phylogenetic structure
- High recombination rate ($r/m \sim 20$)

K. pneumoniae genomic population structure

Bialek, Criscuolo et al., 2014



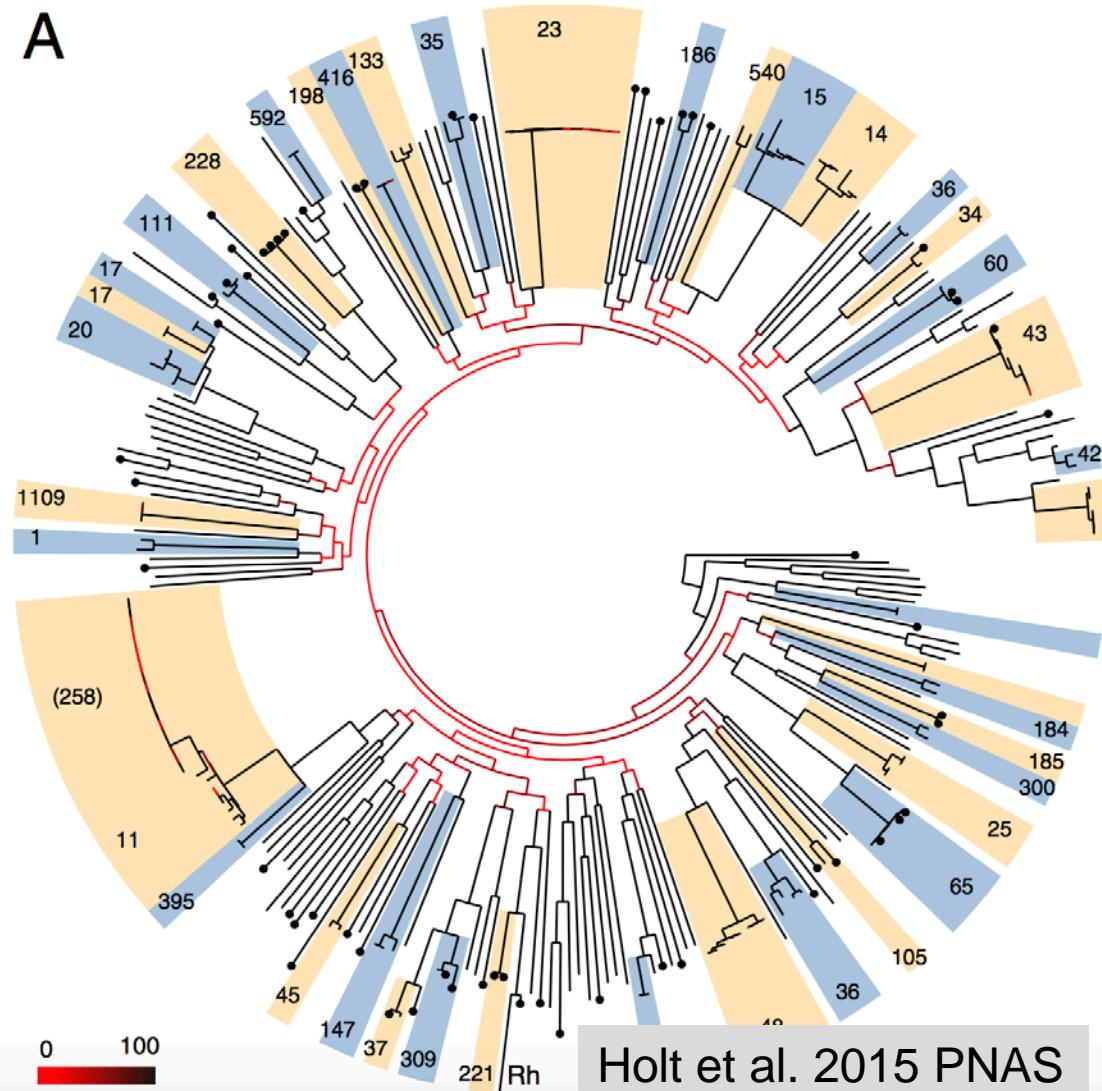
Phylogenetic analysis

- Pairwise distance estimates
- Elimination of extreme values (~ imports)
- Mean evolutionary distance
- FastME

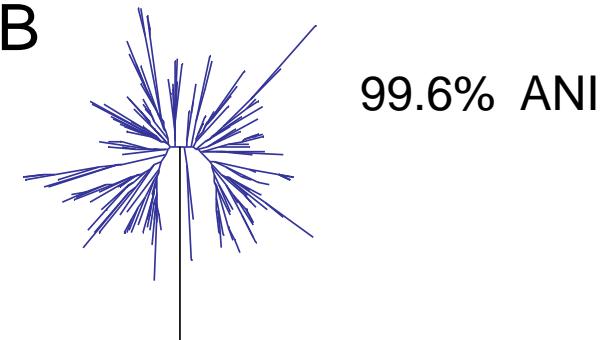
-
- Resolution of clonal groups
 - Star-like phylogeny

Genome-based *K. pneumoniae* population structure

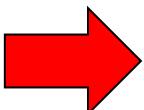
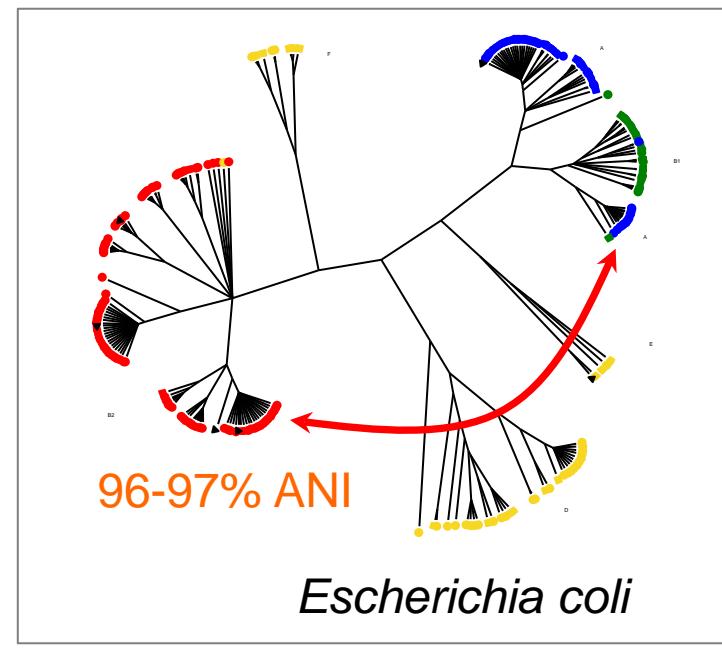
A



B



C



Kp: Multiple unordered closely-related lineages
Evolutionary radiation or pervasive recombination?

Klebsiella pneumoniae pathogenicity

Virulence factors confirmed in mouse model



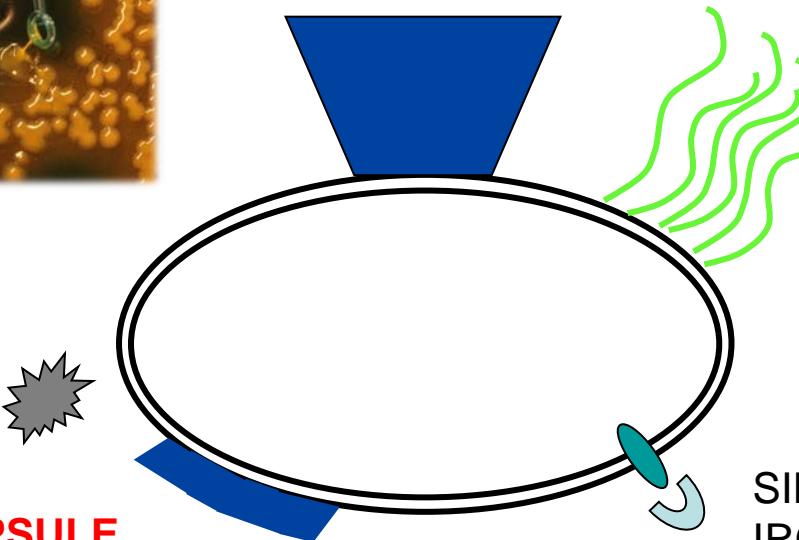
Virulence factors:

TOXINS
Microcin E492
Colibactin



HYPERMUCOVISCOITY

(*rmpA*, *rmpA2*)



CAPSULE

77 serotypes : *wzi*, *wzc*
(serum & phagocytosis resistance)

FIMBRIAE
type 3 pili (*mrkABCDF*)
type 1 pili (*fim*)

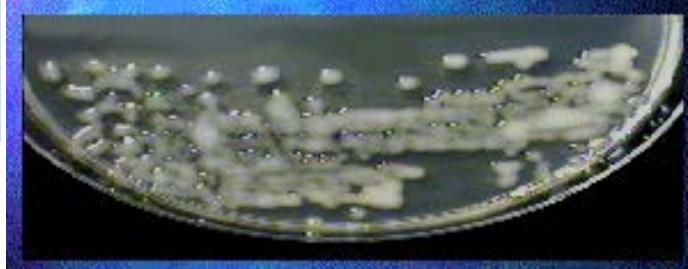
METABOLISM
Allantoinase

SIDEROPHORES /
IRON TRANSPORT
Enterobactin
Aerobactin
Salmochelin
Yersiniabactin
kvgAS
kfuABC

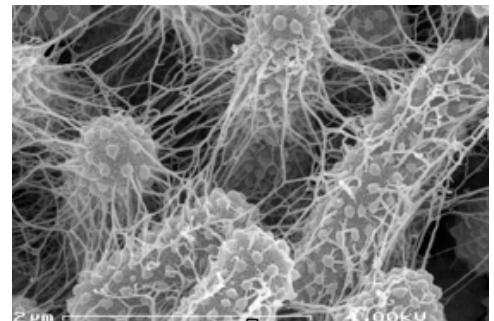
Heavy metal resistance-associated clusters:

pbrABCR, *pcoABCDERS*, *silCERS*, and *terWXY*

K. pneumoniae capsule

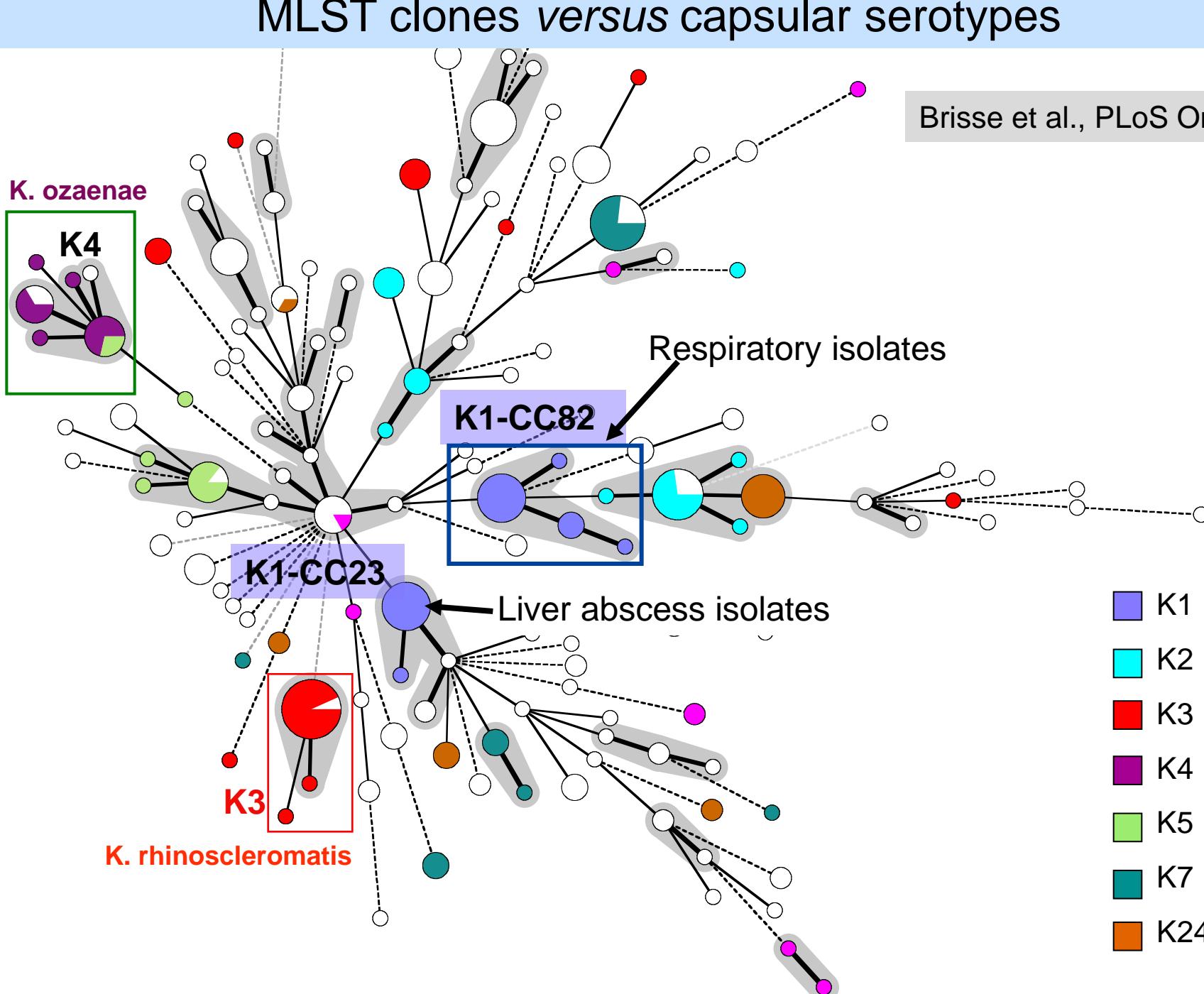


- Polysaccharidic, abundant >> mucoidy
- 77 K types
- K-typing for epidemiology
- Confirms identification of
 - *K. pneumoniae* subsp. *ozaenae* (K4)
 - *K. pneumoniae* subsp. *rhinoscleromatis* (K3)
- Major virulence factor
 - K1, K2 >>> K7, K21 (humans, mice, horses)
 - K1 (& K2): pyogenic liver abscess (PLA)

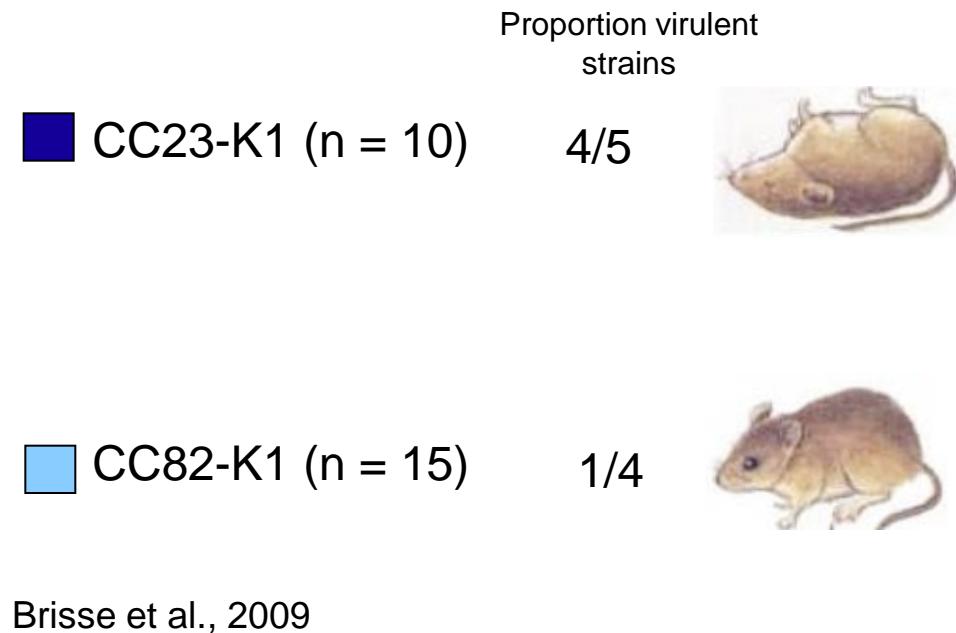
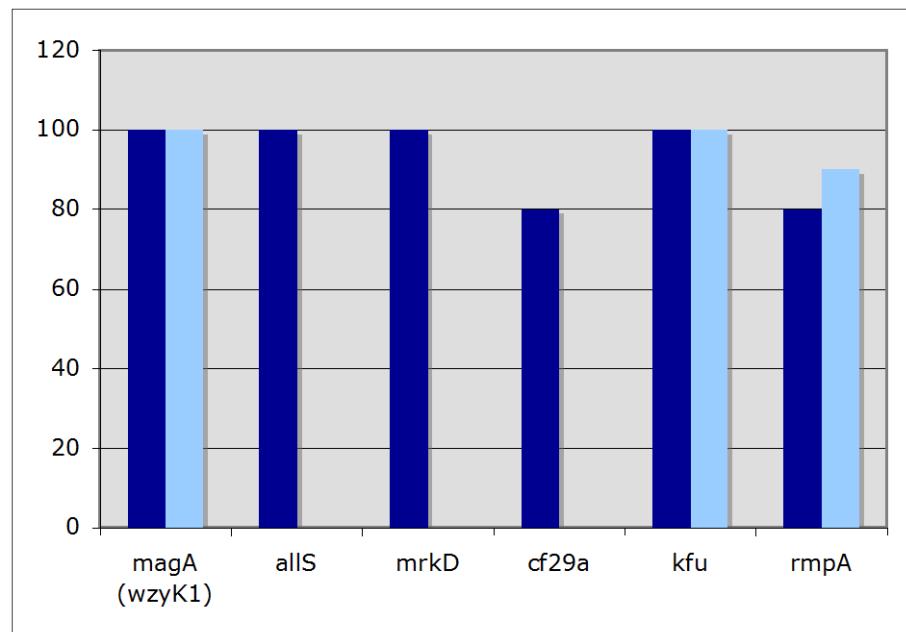


MLST clones versus capsular serotypes

Brisse et al., PLoS One 2009



K1 clones: virulence in mouse respiratory model

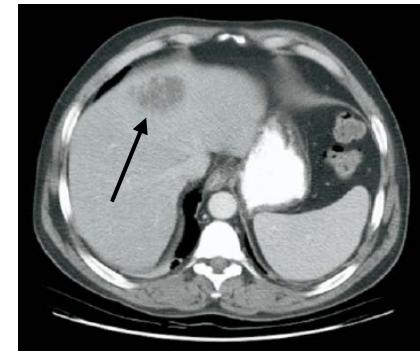


→ K1 clones differ in source, virulence & gene content

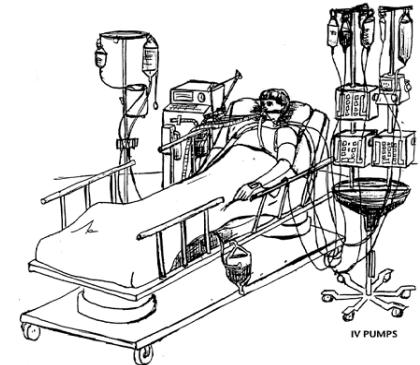
Population structure of 'high-risk' clones

Genomic Definition of Hypervirulent and Multidrug-Resistant *Klebsiella pneumoniae* Clonal Groups

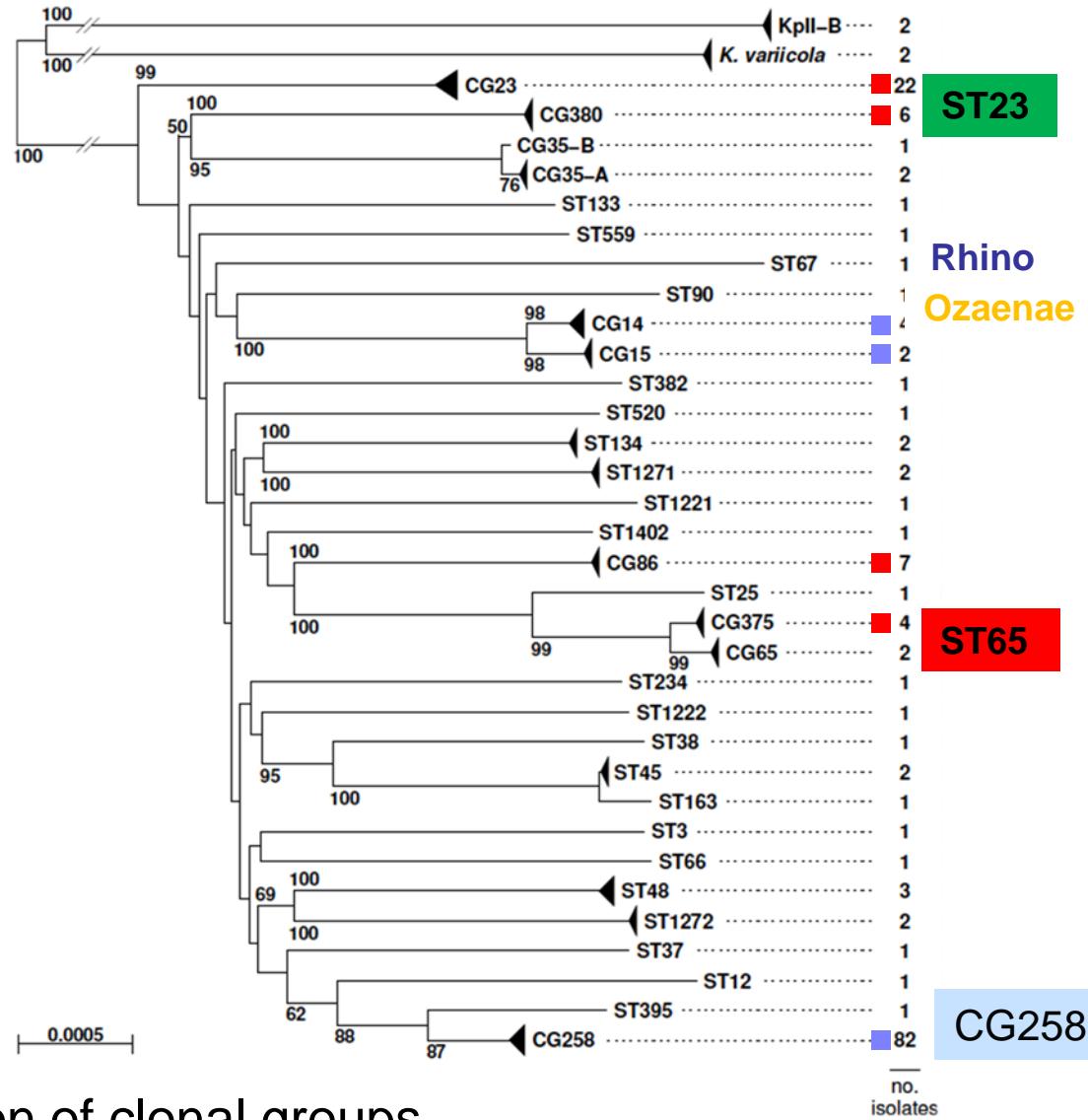
Suzanne Bialek-Davenet,¹ Alexis Criscuolo,¹ Florent Ailloud, Virginie Passet, Louis Jones, Anne-Sophie Delannoy-Vieillard, Benoit Garin, Simon Le Hello, Guillaume Arlet, Marie-Hélène Nicolas-Chanoine, Dominique Decré, and Sylvain Brisse



- 48 K1/K2 strains, incl. 21 HVKP strains (liver abscess, pneumonia, meningitis)
Illumina sequencing (~240 contigs)
- 119 genomes from NCBI genome repository
including 20 ST258 isolates from Bethesda 2011 outbreak (Snitkin et al. 2012)

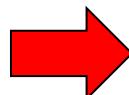


K. pneumoniae population structure (based on genome sequences)



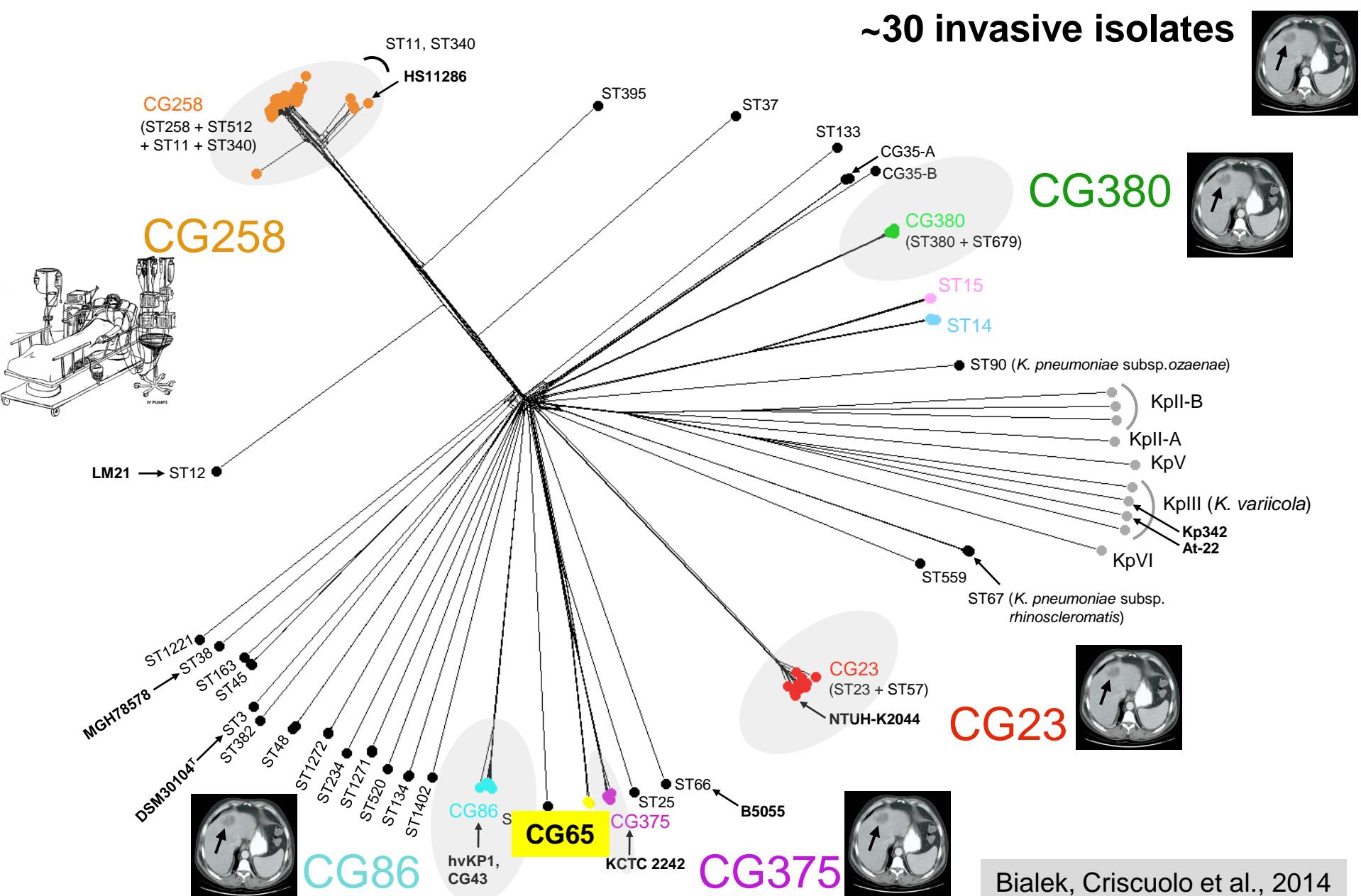
Phylogenetic analysis

- Pairwise distance estimates
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- FastME

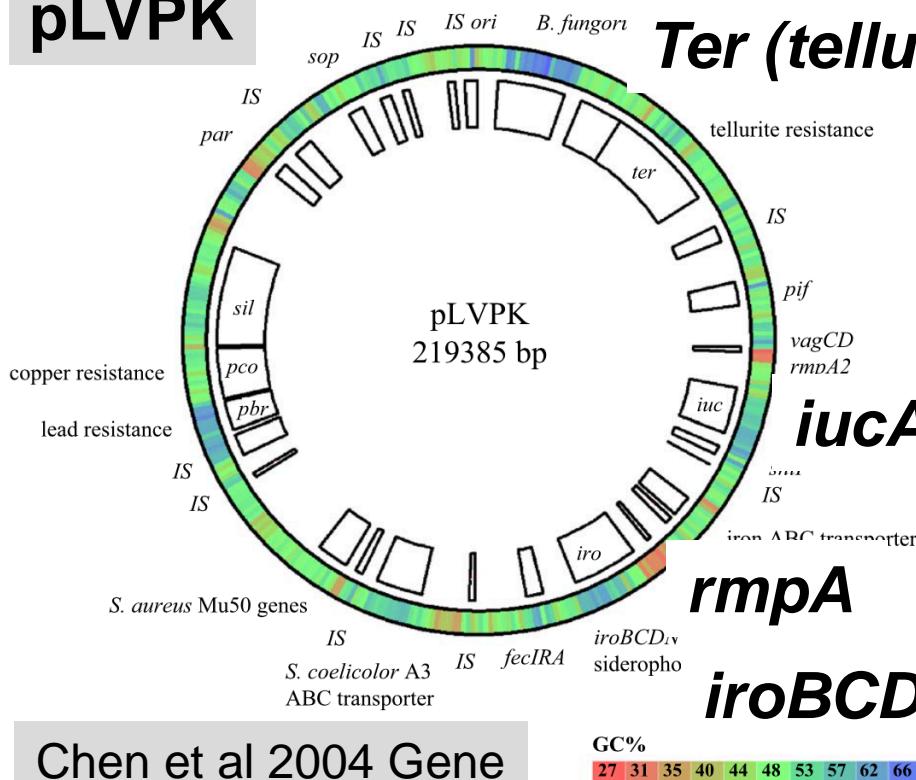


- Resolution of clonal groups
- Star-like phylogeny

Clonal groups versus pathogenicity

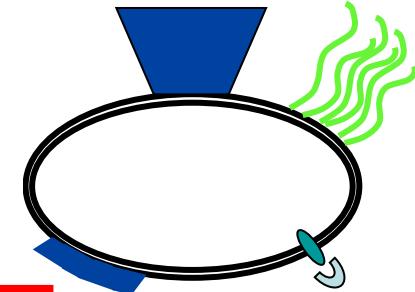


pLVPK



Ter (tellurite)

**K1, K2
serotypes**



iucABC*DiutA* (aerobactin)

rmpA

iroBCDN (salmochelin)

Integrative and Conjugative element ICEKp1

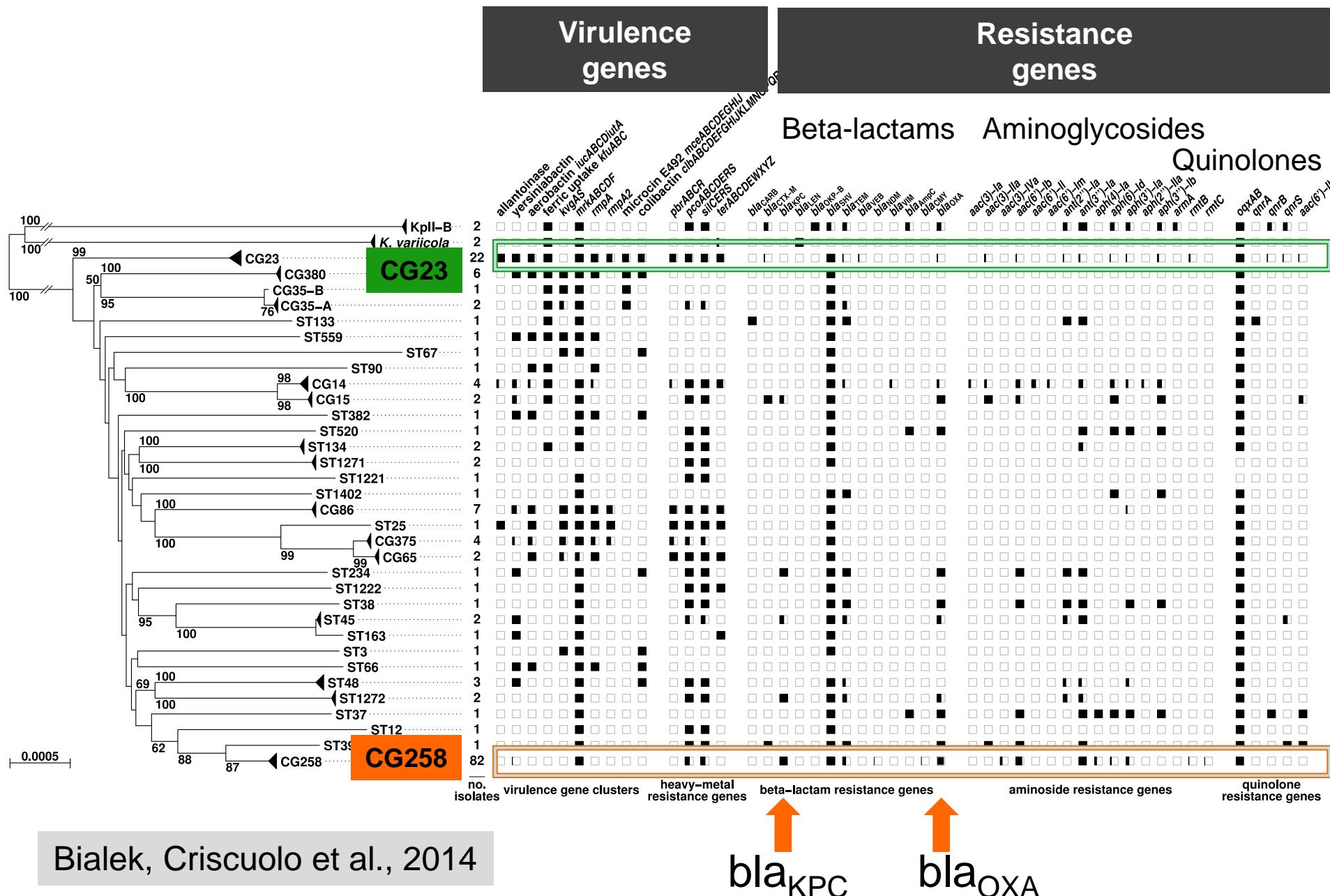
yersiniabactin

**salmochelin
+ rmpA**

T4SS vir/mob

Lin et al 2008 J Bact

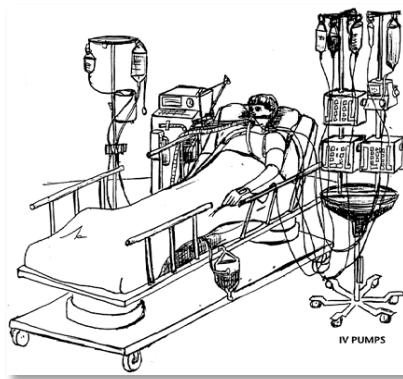
Gene content breakdown by clonal group



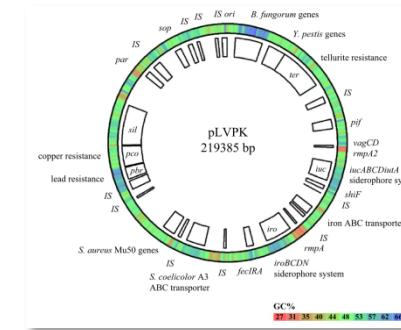
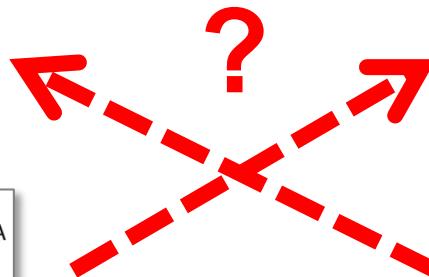
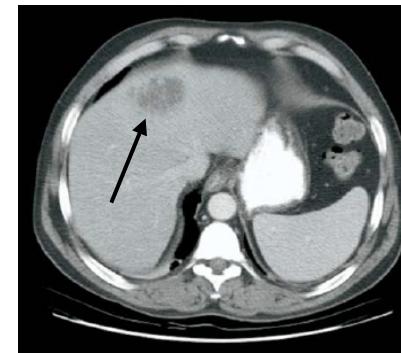
Bialek, Criscuolo et al., 2014

Emergence of 'dual-risk' *K. pneumoniae*

Resistance



Virulence



Lancet Inf. Dis. 2017

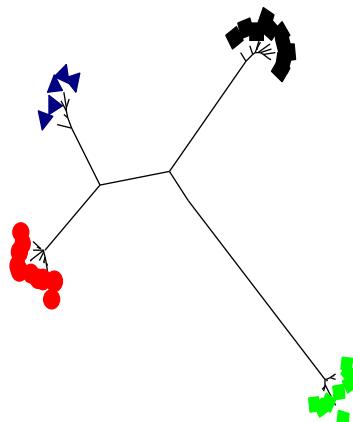
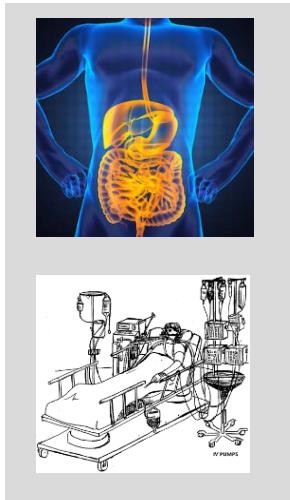
A fatal outbreak of ST11 carbapenem-resistant hypervirulent *Klebsiella pneumoniae* in a Chinese hospital: a molecular epidemiological study

Danxia Gu*, Ning Dong*, Zhiwei Zheng, Di Lin, Man Huang, Lihua Wang, Edward Wai-Chi Chan, Lingbin Shu, Jiang Yu, Rong Zhang, Sheng Chen

Ecology of *K. pneumoniae* & relatives

KpII / KpIV

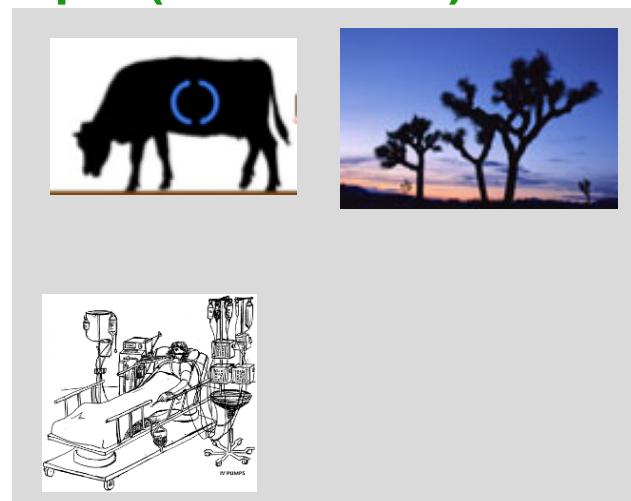
(mainly, *K. quasipneumoniae*
subsp. similipneumoniae)



KpI (*K. pneumoniae*)



KpIII (*K. variicola*)

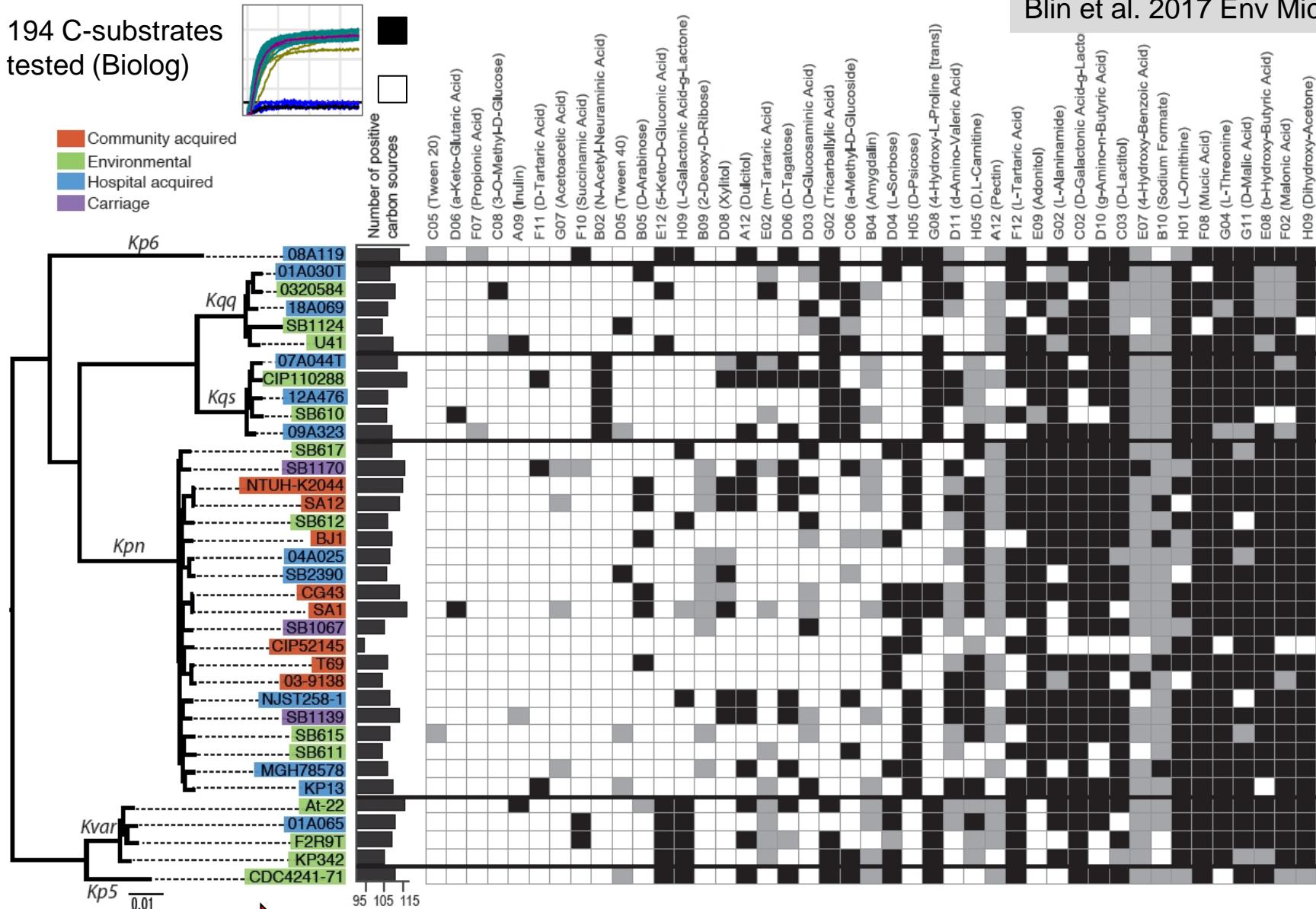


Brisse et al 2004, 2009, 2015
Holt et al. 2015 PNAS

Metabolic diversity of *Kp*

Blin et al. 2017 Env Microbiol

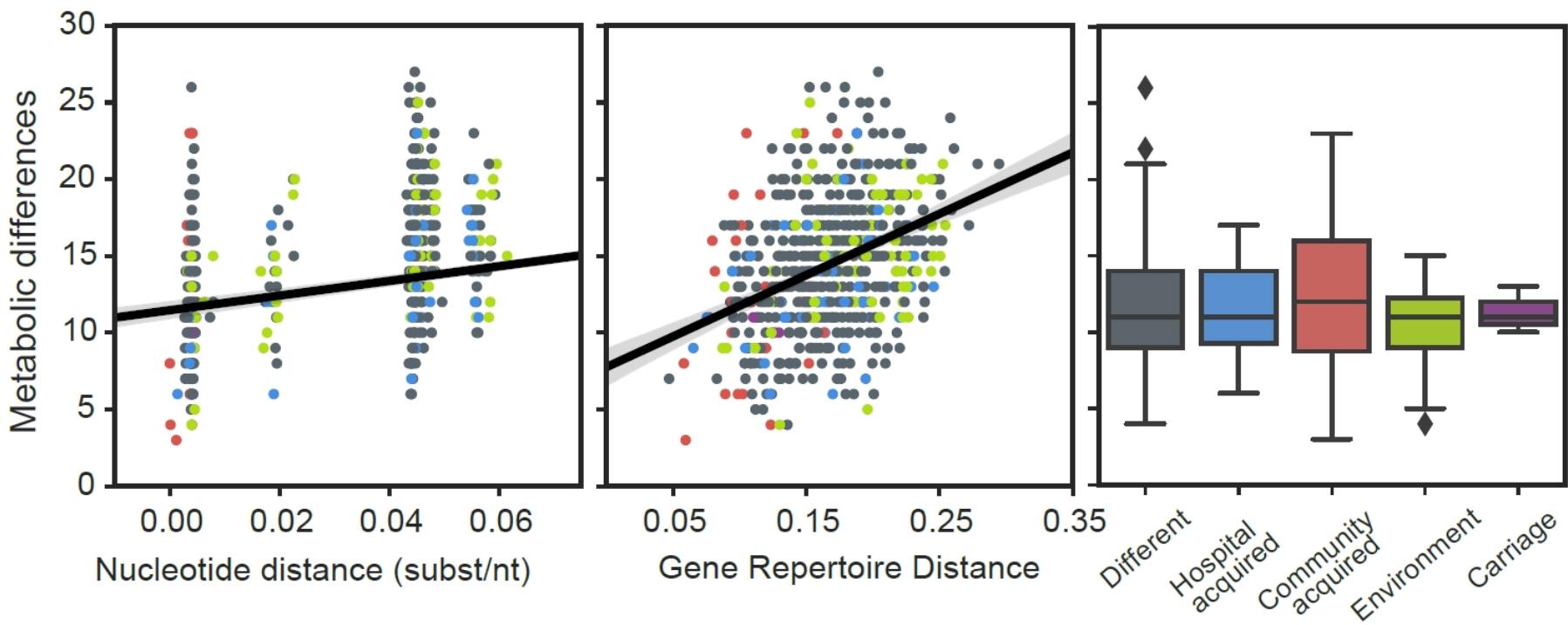
194 C-substrates
tested (Biolog)



Mean: 109 substrates used; average distance: 14 substrates

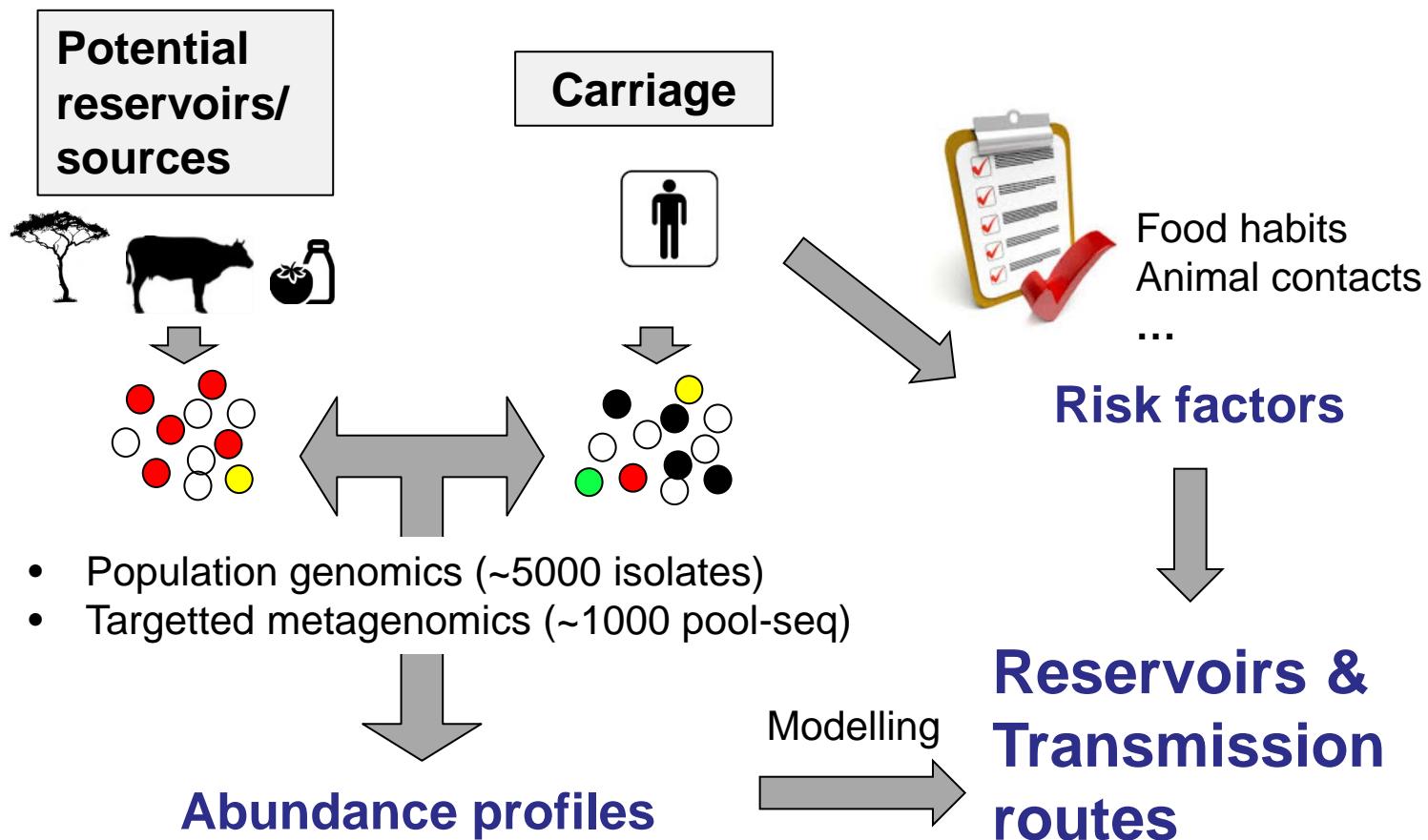
Structure of metabolic diversity of *Kp*

Blin et al. 2017 Env Microbiol



- Catabolic capacities correlate weakly with *Klebsiella* species
- All clonal groups are generalists (except specialized pathogenic clones)
- No metabolic signature of HVKP or MDR-Kp clones found

Potential reservoirs and sources of *K. pneumoniae*



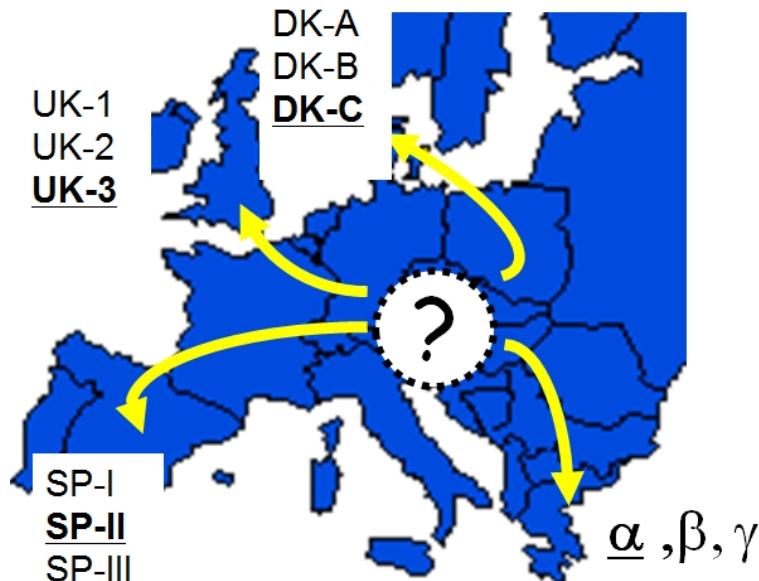
EJP Co-fund H2020
MedVetKlebs (coord: Brisse)
2018-2020, 9 partners



JPIAMR SPARK (E. Feil)
2017-2019
6 partners

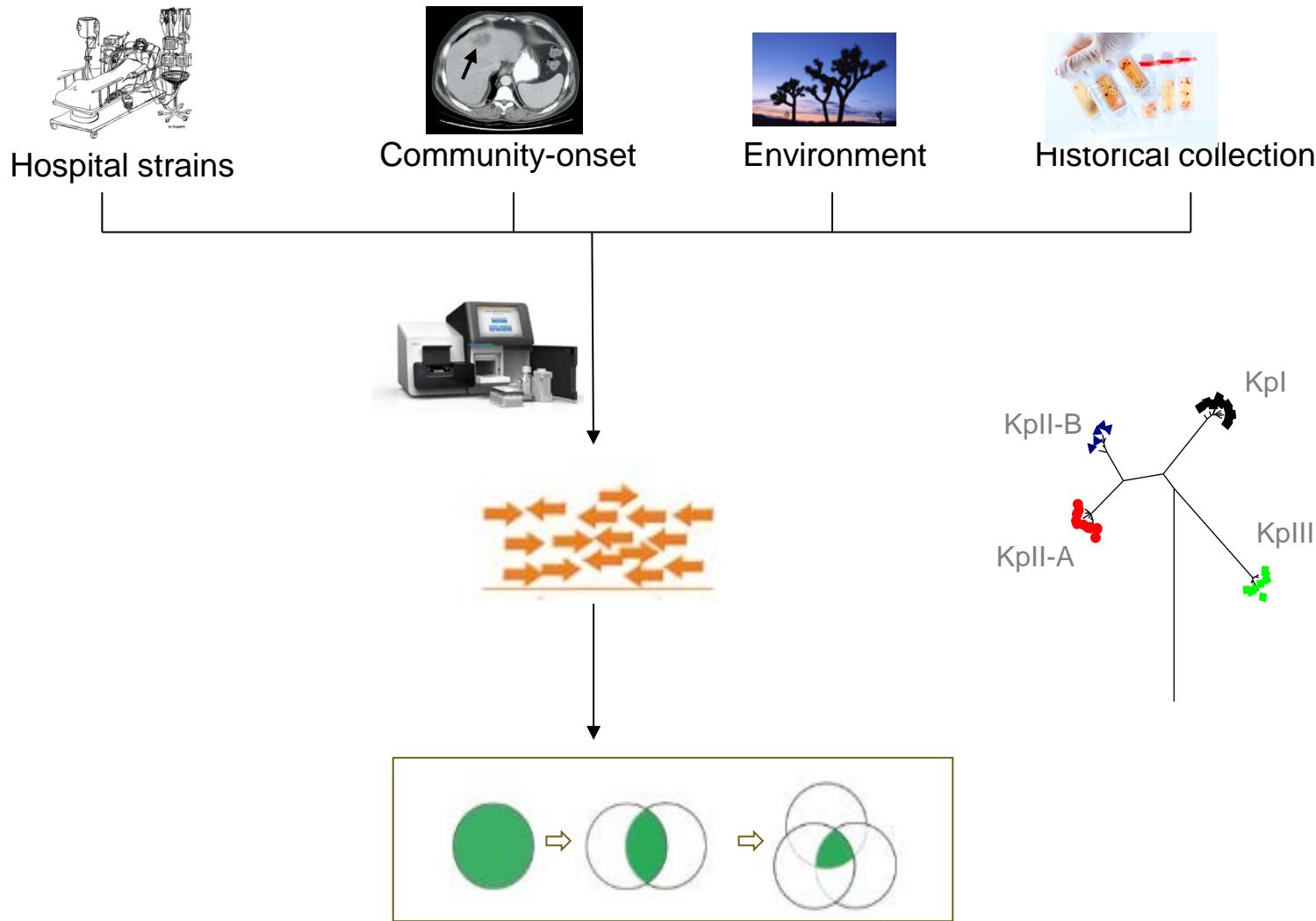


Epidemiology & international spread of *Klebsiella*: Need for unified strain nomenclatures

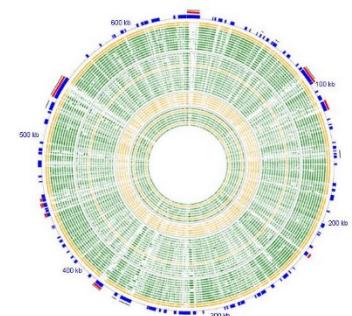


- Detecting multi-county outbreaks
- Spread of emerging pathogens
- Rate of inter-country mixing
- Dependency on vaccination, antimicrobial strategies

Klebsiella pneumoniae core genome MLST



Core genome MLST of *K. pneumoniae*



Genes in highly conserved,
syntenic regions



634 scgMLST

Ribosomal
genes



53 rMLST
(Jolley et al.)

MLST
genes



7 MLST
(Diancourt et al.)



694 core genes (cgMLST)

Genomic Definition of Hypervirulent and Multidrug-Resistant *Klebsiella* *pneumoniae* Clonal Groups

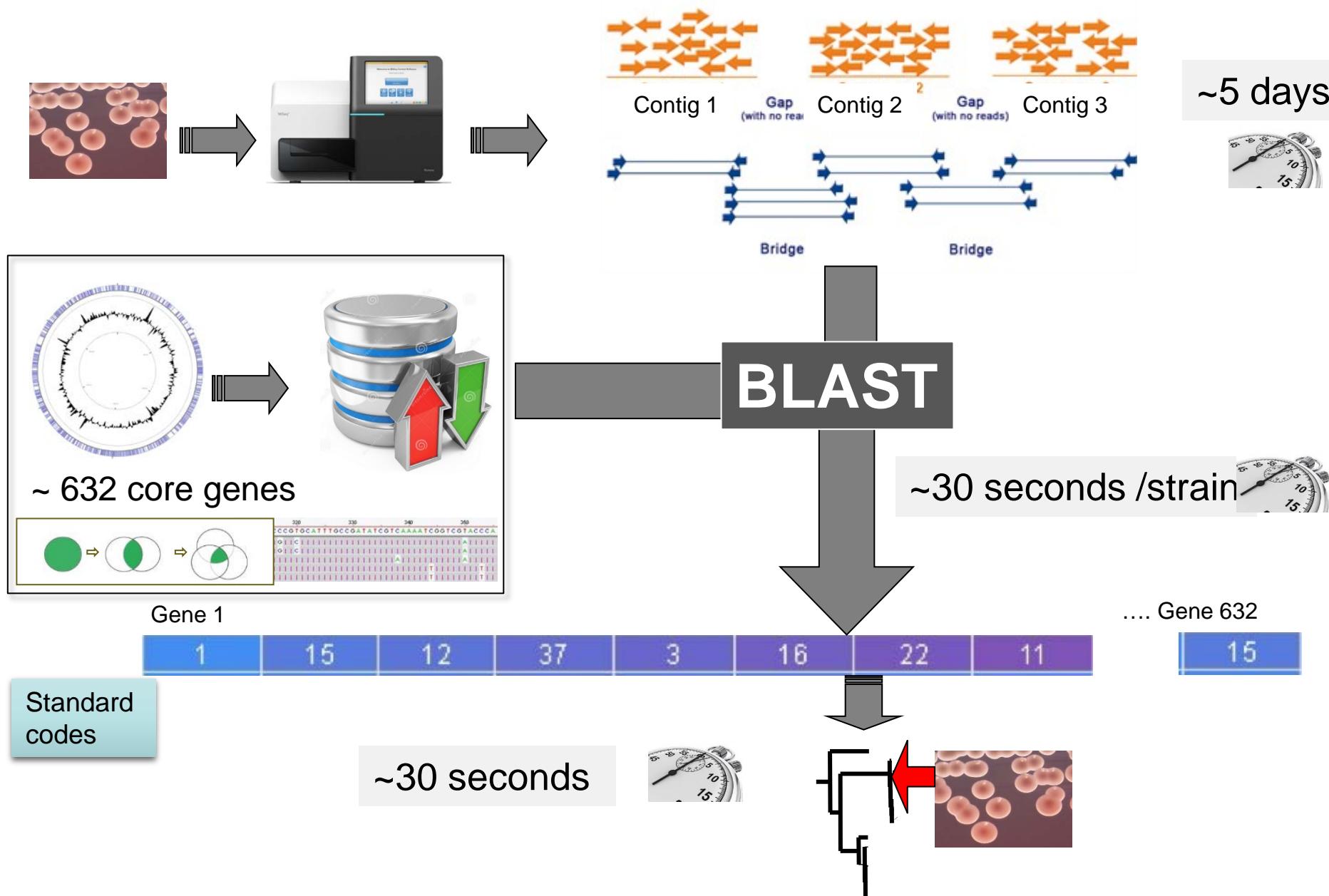
Suzanne Bialek-Davenet,¹ Alexis Criscuolo,¹ Florent Ailloud, Virginie Passet, Louis Jones,
Anne-Sophie Delannoy-Vieillard, Benoit Garin, Simon Le Hello, Guillaume Arlet,
Marie-Hélène Nicolas-Chanoine, Dominique Decré, and Sylvain Brisse

Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2014

→ 2017 update:

- 632 scgMLST loci were selected
- Complete CDS were used

Core-genome genotyping (cgMLST)



Rapid emergence of MDR *K. pneumoniae*

Example of KPC-harboring ST258



Bowers et al 2015 PLoS One

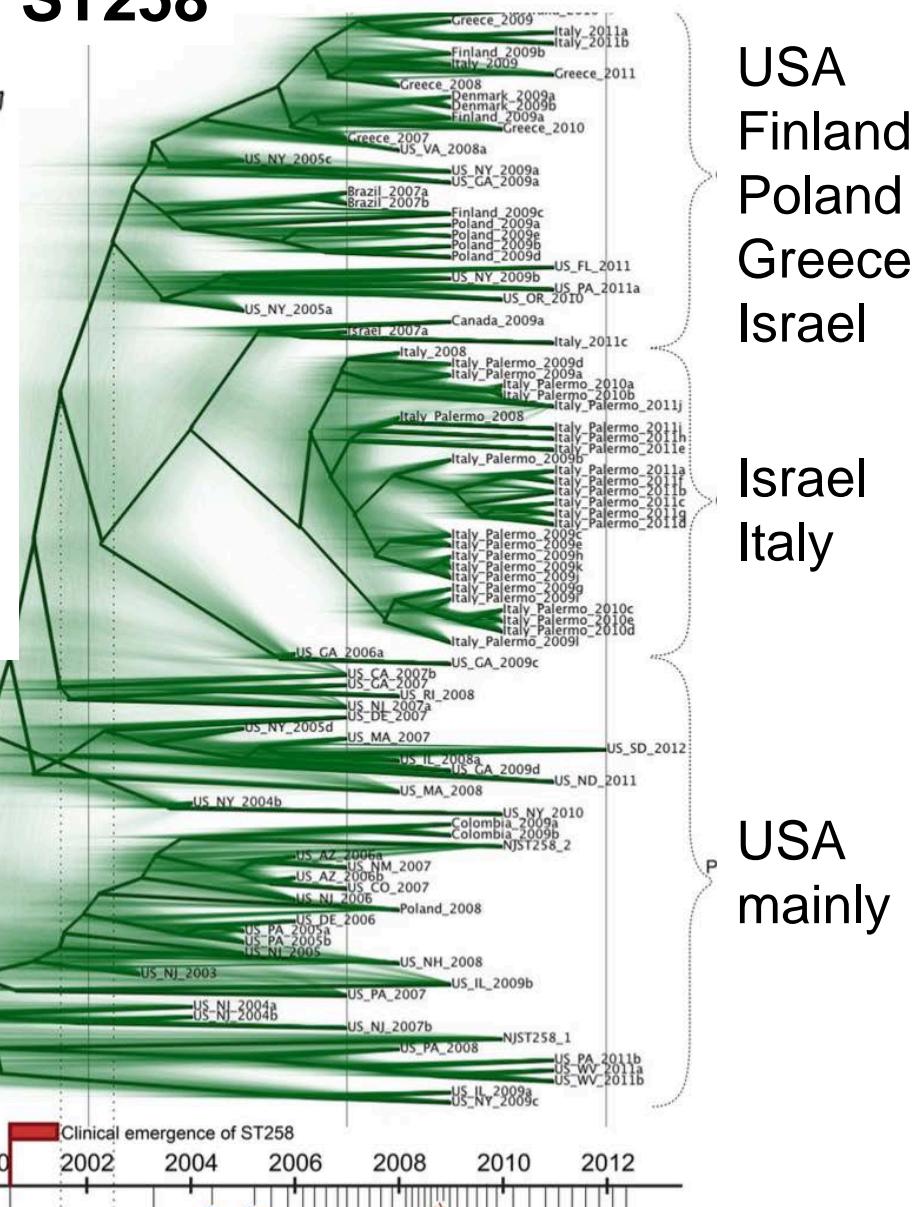
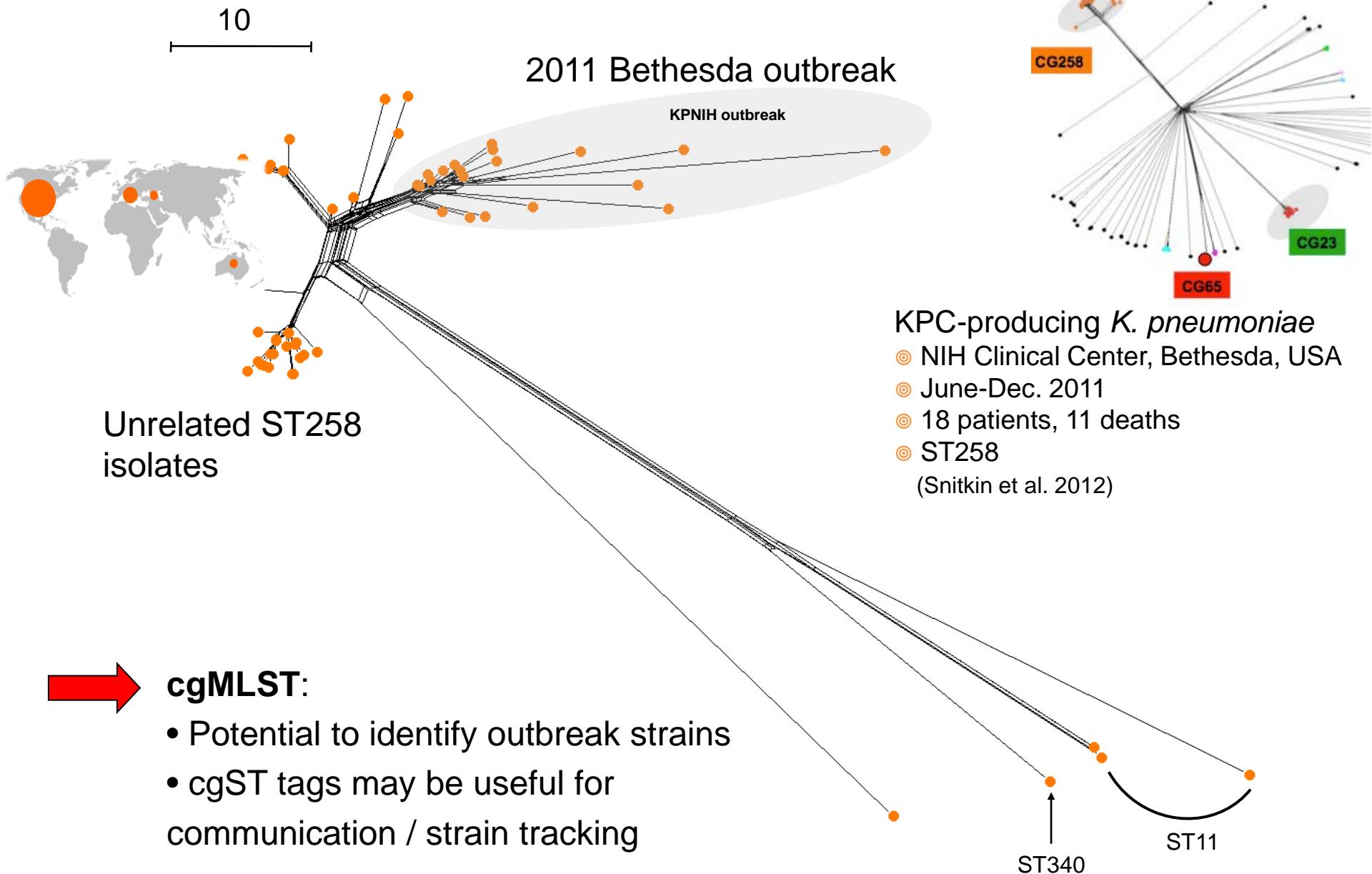
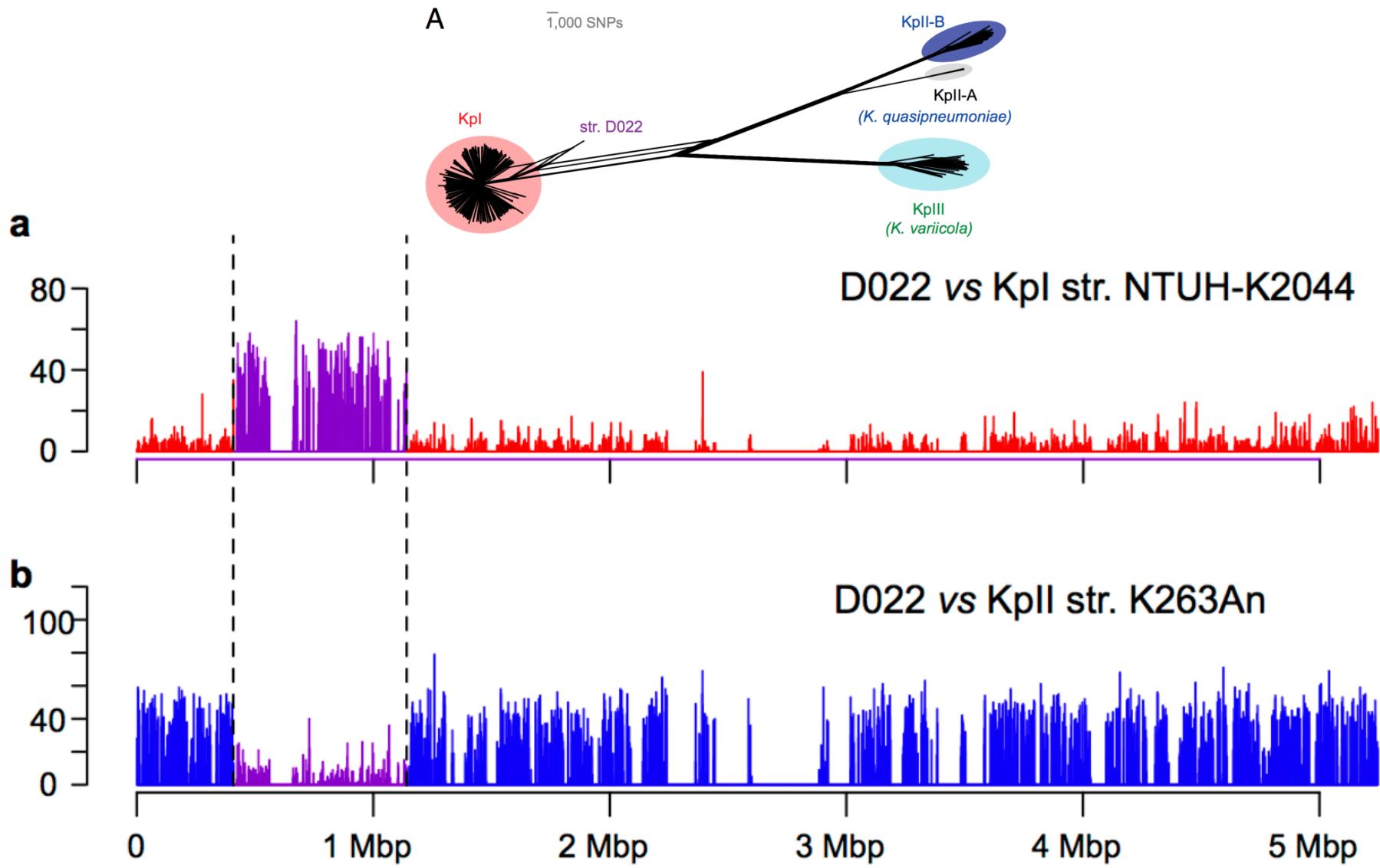


Fig 2. Projecting the evolutionary history of ST258. REACT analysis based on 1,125 core genome SNPs in 101 ST258 isolates with NJST258_1.

Characterization of outbreaks



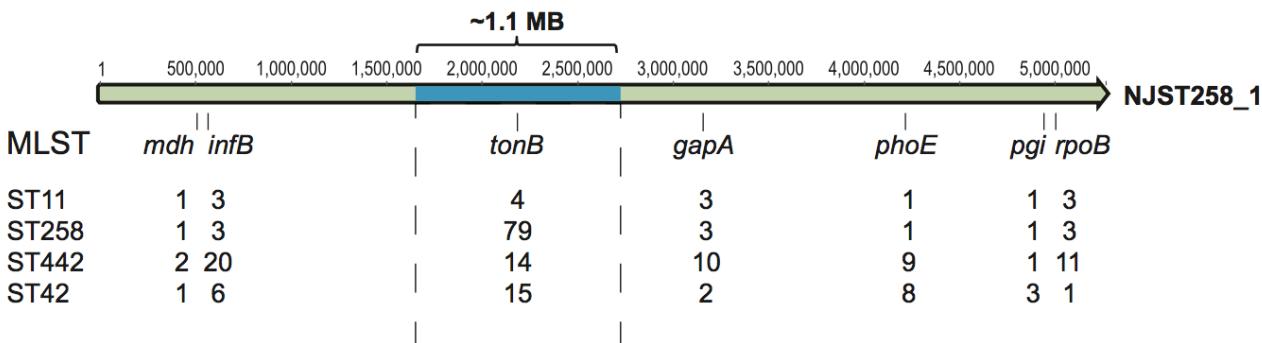
Evolution of *K. pneumoniae* lineages by large recombination



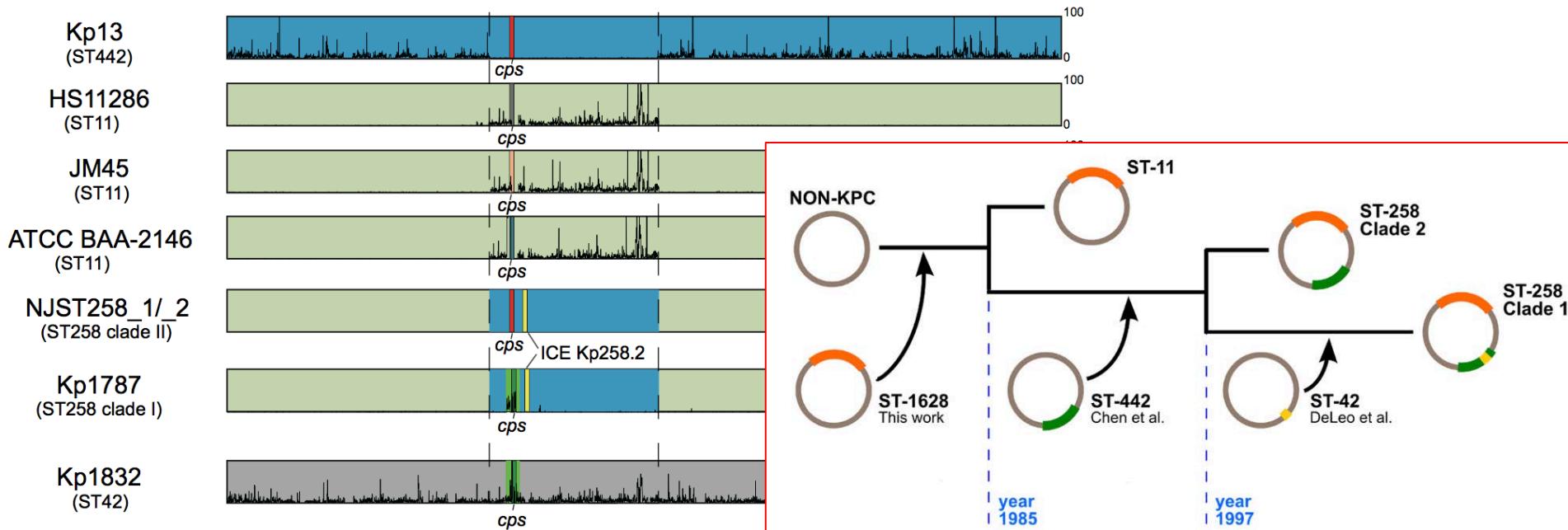
Evolution of *K. pneumoniae* clonal groups

Example of CG258

A



B





Klebsiella pneumoniae Genome Database

<http://bigsdb.pasteur.fr>

BIGSdb
Jolley & Maiden 2010

id	isolate	aliases	taxonomic designation	world region	host	clonal group	accession number	ST							
								gapA	infB	mdh	pgi	phoE	rpoB	tonB	ST
3076	QMP_M1-378		<i>K. pneumoniae</i>	North America	Bovine	76	ERS011957	4	34	1	1	21	1	35	199
3002	DR85_08		<i>K. quasipneumoniae</i> subsp. <i>quasipneumoniae</i>	Asia	Environmental	734	ERS011922	18	15	26	22	94	13	165	734
2949	AJ026		<i>K. variicola</i>	Oceania	Human	695	ERS005747	16	24	21	53	104	17	67	695
2972	AJ182		<i>K. variicola</i>	Oceania	Human	695	ERS005771	16	24	21	53	104	17	67	695
1635	ATCC 13884 T		<i>K. pneumoniae</i> subsp. <i>rhinoscleromatis</i>	North America	Unknown	67	ACZD01	2	1	9	1	15	5	28	67
2937	558m		<i>K. pneumoniae</i>	Asia	Human	660	ERS012030	2	1	2	1	4	1	25	660

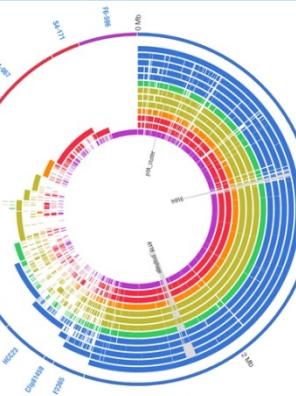
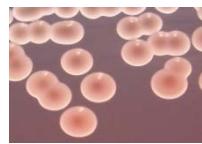
- > 2000 genomes incorporated
- Characterize isolates with species, clonal groups (CG) and ST:

***K. pneumoniae* – CG76 – ST199**

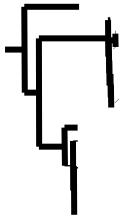
→ cgMLST type designations



Genome sequencing: ‘all in one technology’



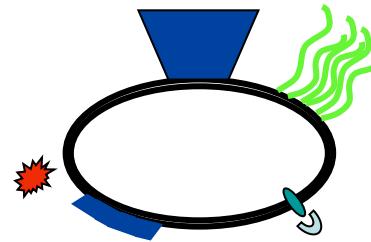
Genotype



Resistance elements

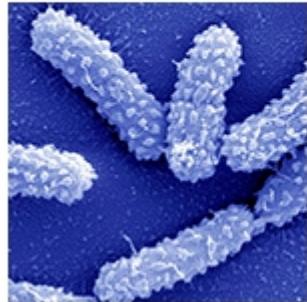


Virulence elements



Klebsiella Sequence Typing

<http://bigsdb.pasteur.fr>



[Sequences and profiles database](#)



[Isolates database](#)

MLST

cgMLST

Virulence genes

Resistance genes

wzi (capsular typing)

Powered by BIGSdb
(Jolley & Maiden, 2010)

Sequence query - Klebsiella locus/sequence definitions

Please paste in your sequence to query against the database. Query sequences will be checked first for an exact match is not found. You can query using either DNA or peptide sequences. [?](#)

Please select locus/scheme

All loci

- All loci
- Allantoinase cluster
- Aminoglycoside resistance genes
- Beta-lactamase genes
- cgMLST694
- cps cluster genes
- Efflux systems and regulators
- Heavy metal resistance genes
- hvK2 multiplex PCR
- MLST
- Quinolone resistance genes
- rMLST
- scgMLST634
- Virulence genes
- 30S ribosomal protein S10 (rpsJ)
- 30S ribosomal protein S11 (rpsK)
- 30S ribosomal protein S12 (rpsL)
- 30S ribosomal protein S13 (rpsM)
- 30S ribosomal protein S14 (rpsN)
- 30S ribosomal protein S15 (rpsO)

Order results by

locus

whole genome in size

Databases for genomic epidemiology & population biology

Client side

Local labs
Reference Centers

Isolates,
genomes and metadata

Public

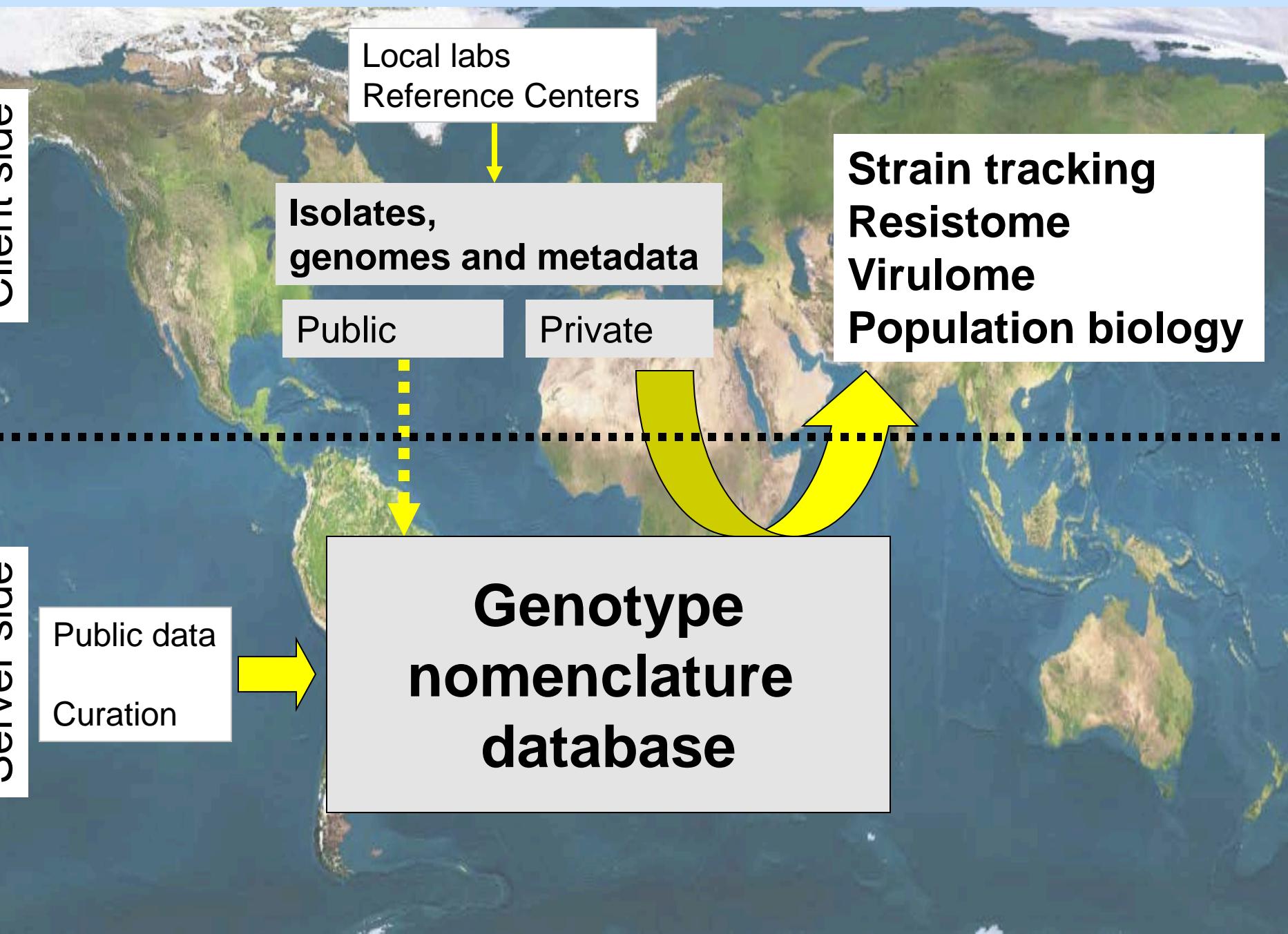
Private

Strain tracking
Resistome
Virulome
Population biology

Server side

Public data
Curation

Genotype
nomenclature
database



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